TOSHIBASERVICE MANUAL

AIR CONDITIONER SPLIT WALL TYPE

RAS-10N3KV-E / RAS-10N3AV-E





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1. PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFETY

For general public use

Power supply cord of parts of appliance for outdoor use shall be at least polychloroprene sheathed flexible cord (design H07RN-F) or cord designation 60245 IEC66 (1.5 mm² or more). (Shall be installed in accordance with national wiring regulations.)

CAUTION

New Refrigerant Air Conditioner Installation

 THIS AIR CONDITIONER ADOPTS THE NEW HFC REFRIGERANT (R410A) WHICH DOES NOT DESTROY OZONE LAYER.

R410A refrigerant is apt to be affected by impurities such as water, oxidizing membranes, and oils because the pressure of R410A refrigerant is approx. 1.6 times of refrigerant R22. As well as the adoption of this new refrigerant, refrigerating machine oil has also been changed. Therefore, during installation work, be sure that water, dust, former refrigerant, or refrigerating machine oil does not enter the refrigeration cycle of a new-refrigerant air conditioner. To avoid mixing refrigerant and refrigerating machine oil, the sizes of charging port connecting port connecting sections on the main unit are different from those for the conventional refrigerant, and different size tools are also required. For connecting pipes, use new and clean piping materials with highpressure withstand capabilities, designed for R410A only, and ensure that water or dust does not enter. Moreover, do not use any existing piping as its pressure withstand may be insufficient and may contain impurities.

CAUTION

To disconnect the appliance from the main power supply

This appliance must be connected to the main power supply be means of a circuit breaker or a switch with a contact separation of at least 3 mm in all poles.

The installation circuit breaker must be used specified for the power supply line of this air conditioner.

DANGER

- FOR USE BY QUALIFIED PERSONS ONLY.
- TURN OFF MAIN POWER SUPPLY BEFORE ATTEMPTING ANY ELECTRICAL WORK. MAKE SORE ALL POWER SWITCHES ARE OFF FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE ELECTRIC SHOCK.
- CONNECT THE CONNECTING CABLE CORRECTLY. IF THE CONNECTING CABLE IS CONNECTED WRONGLY, ELECTRIC PARTS MAY BE DAMAGED.
- CHECK THE EARTH WIRE THAT IT IS NOT BROKEN OR DISCONNECTED BEFORE INSTALLATION.
- DO NOT INSTALL NEAR CONCENTRATIONS OF COMBUSTIBLE GAS OR GAS VAPORS. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THIS INSTRUCTION CAN RESULT IN FIRE OR EXPLOSION.
- TO PREVENT OVERHEATING THE INDOOR UNIT AND CAUSING A FIRE HAZARD, PLACE THE UNIT WELL AWAY (MORE THAN 2 M) FROM HEAT SOURCES SUCH AS RADIATORS, HEATERS, FURNACE, STOVES, ETC.
- WHEN MOVING THE AIR CONDITIONER FOR INSTALLING IT IN ANOTHER PLACE AGAIN, BE VERY
 CAREFUL NOT TO GET THE SPECIFIED REFRIGERANT (R410A) WITH ANY OTHER GASEOUS BODY INTO
 THE REFRIGERATION CYCLE. IF AIR OR ANY OTHER GAS IS MIXED IN THE REFRIGERANT, THE GAS
 PRESSURE IN THE REFRIGERATION CYCLE BECOMES ABNORMALLY HIGH AND IT RESULTINGLY CAUSES
 BURST OF THE PIPE AND INJURIES ON PERSONS.
- IN THE EVENT THAT THE REFRIGERANT GAS LEAKS OUT OF THE PIPE DURING THE INSTALLATION WORK, IMMEDIATELY LET FRESH AIR INTO THE ROOM. IF THE REFRIGERANT GAS IS HEATED BY FIRE OR SOMETHING ELSE, IT CAUSES GENERATION OF POISONOUS GAS.

WARNING

- Never modify this unit by removing any of the safety guards or bypass or bypass any of the safety interlock switches.
- Do not install in a place which cannot bear the weight of the unit. Personal injury and property damage can result if the unit falls.
- Before doing the electrical work, attach an approved plug to the power supply cord. Also, make sure the equipment is properly earthed.
- Appliance shall be installed in accordance with national wiring regulations.
 If you detect any damage, do not install the unit. Contact your TOSHIBA dealer immediately.
- Do not use any refrigerant different from the one specified for complement or replacement.
 Otherwise, abnormally high pressure may by generated in the refrigeration cycle, which may result in a failure or explosion of the product or an injury to your body.

CAUTION

- Exposure of unit to water or other moisture before installation could reslt in electric shock. Do not store it in a wet basement or expose to rain or water.
- After unpacking the unit, examine it carefully for possible damage.
- Do not install in a place that can increase the vibration of the unit. Do not install in a place that can amplify the noise level of the unit or where noise and discharged air might disturb neighbors.
- To avoid personal injury, be careful when handling parts with sharp edges.
- Please read this installation manual carefully before installing the unit. It contains further important instructions for proper installation.
- The manufacturer shall not assume any liability for the damage caused by not observing the description of this manual.

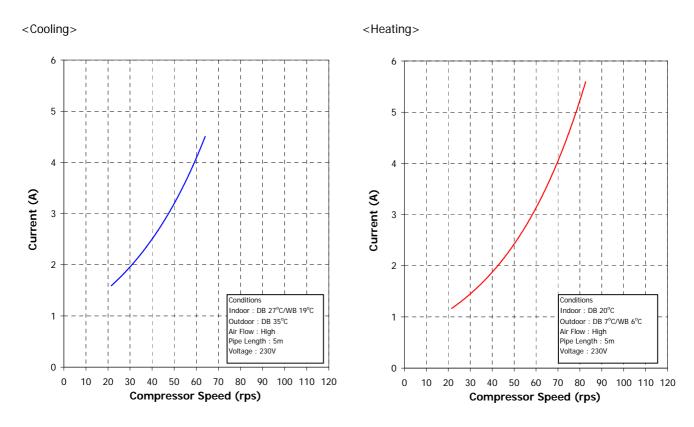
2. SPECIFICATIONS

2-1. Specifications

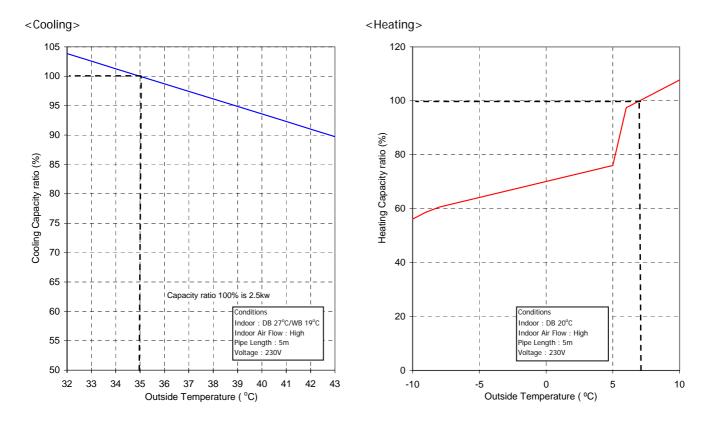
Outdoor Cooling capacity Cooling capacity range	(kW)		3AV-E .5
Cooling capacity range	, ,		.5
Cooling capacity range	(kW)		
		1.1	- 3.0
Heating capacity	(kW)		.2
Heating capacity range	(kW)	0.9	
Power supply	(1117)	1Ph/50Hz/220-240	
Electric Indoor Operation mode		Cooling	Heating
	(4)	_	0.16 - 0.14
characteristic Running current	(A)	0.16 - 0.14	
Power consumption	` '	30	30
Power factor	(%)	87	87
Outdoor Operation mode		Cooling	Heating
Running current	(A)	3.44 - 3.16	3.96- 3.63
Power consumption		720	830
Power factor	(%)	95	95
Starting current	(A)	4.1	2
COP (Cooling / Heating)		3.33	/3.72
Operating Indoor High (Cooling / Heating)		38,	/40
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ling / Heating) (dB-A)	33	/35
	ling / Heating) (dB-A)	29	/30
	ling / Heating) (dB-A)		/50
Indoor unit Unit model	5 5, (22.1)		N3KV-E
Dimension Height	(mm)		50
Width	(mm)		40
Depth	(mm)		95
	` ,		
Net weight	(kg)		<u></u>
Fan motor output	(W)		
	ling / Heating) (m ³ / min)		/9.6
Outdoor unit Unit model			N3AV-E
Dimension Height	(mm)		30
Width	(mm)	66	60
Depth	(mm)		40
Net weight	(kg)	2	7
Compressor Motor output	(W)	75	50
Туре		Single rotary type with DC-in	verter variable speed control
Model		DA89X1	IC-23EZ
Fan motor output	(W)	2	20
Air flow rate (Coo	ling / Heating) (m ³ / min)	27,	/27
Piping Type		Flare co	nnection
connection Indoor unit Liquid side	(mm)	Ø6.35	
Gas side	(mm)	Ø9.52	
Outdoor unit Liquid side	(mm)		5.35
Gas side	(mm)		1.52
Maximum length	(m)		
Maximun charge-less length	(m)	10 10	
Maximum height difference	(m)		8
	(m)		
Refrigerant Name of refrigerant			10A
Weight	(kg)		63
Wiring Power supply		3 Wires: Includes earth (Outdoor)	
connection Interconnection		4 Wires: Inc	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ling / Heating) (°C)		Up to 27
Outdoor (Coo	ling / Heating) (°C)	15 - 43/	′-10 - 24
Accessory Indoor unit Installation plate			1
Wireless remote co	ontroller	•	1
batteries		2	2
Remote controller h	nolder	1	
Toshiba New IAQ f	iler	2	2
Mounting screw			4 x 25L)
Flat head wood scre	ew e		3.1 x 16L)
		·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Installation manual			1
Installation manual Owner's manual			1
Installation manual			

 $^{^{\}star}$ The specification may be subject to change without notice for purpose of improvement.

2-2. Operation Characteristic Curve



2-3. Capacity Variation Ratio According to Temperature



3. REFRIGERANT R410A

This air conditioner adopts the new refrigerant HFC (R410A) which does not damage the ozone layer.

The working pressure of the new refrigerant R410A is 1.6 times higher than conventional refrigerant (R22). The refrigerating oil is also changed in accordance with change of refrigerant, so be careful that water, dust, and existing refrigerant or refrigerating oil are not entered in the refrigerant cycle of the air conditioner using the new refrigerant during installation work or servicing time.

The next section describes the precautions for air conditioner using the new refrigerant. Conforming to contents of the next section together with the general cautions included in this manual, perform the correct and safe work.

3-1. Safety During Installation/Servicing

As R410A's pressure is about 1.6 times higher than that of R22, improper installation/servicing may cause a serious trouble. By using tools and materials exclusive for R410A, it is necessary to carry out installation/servicing safely while taking the following precautions into consideration.

- Never use refrigerant other than R410A in an air conditioner which is designed to operate with R410A.
 - If other refrigerant than R410A is mixed, pressure in the refrigeration cycle becomes abnormally high, and it may cause personal injury, etc. by a rupture.
- Confirm the used refrigerant name, and use tools and materials exclusive for the refrigerant R410A.
 The refrigerant name R410A is indicated on the visible place of the outdoor unit of the air conditioner using R410A as refrigerant. To prevent mischarging, the diameter of the service port differs from that of R22.
- If a refrigeration gas leakage occurs during installation/servicing, be sure to ventilate fully.
 If the refrigerant gas comes into contact with fire, a poisonous gas may occur.
- 4. When installing or removing an air conditioner, do not allow air or moisture to remain in the refrigeration cycle. Otherwise, pressure in the refrigeration cycle may become abnormally high so that a rupture or personal injury may be caused.
- 5. After completion of installation work, check to make sure that there is no refrigeration gas leakage.

If the refrigerant gas leaks into the room, coming into contact with fire in the fan-driven heater, space heater, etc., a poisonous gas may occur.

- When an air conditioning system charged with a large volume of refrigerant is installed in a small room, it is necessary to exercise care so that, even when refrigerant leaks, its concentration does not exceed the marginal level.
 - If the refrigerant gas leakage occurs and its concentration exceeds the marginal level, an oxygen starvation accident may result.
- Be sure to carry out installation or removal according to the installation manual.
 Improper installation may cause refrigeration trouble, water leakage, electric shock, fire, etc.
- 8. Unauthorized modifications to the air conditioner may be dangerous. If a breakdown occurs please call a qualified air conditioner technician or electrician.
 - Improper repair's may result in water leakage, electric shock and fire, etc.

3-2. Refrigerant Piping Installation 3-2-1. Piping Materials and Joints Used

For the refrigerant piping installation, copper pipes and joints are mainly used. Copper pipes and joints suitable for the refrigerant must be chosen and installed. Furthermore, it is necessary to use clean copper pipes and joints whose interior surfaces are less affected by contaminants.

1. Copper Pipes

It is necessary to use seamless copper pipes which are made of either copper or copper alloy and it is desirable that the amount of residual oil is less than 40 mg/10 m. Do not use copper pipes having a collapsed, deformed or discolored portion (especially on the interior surface).

Otherwise, the expansion valve or capillary tube may become blocked with contaminants.

As an air conditioner using R410A incurs pressure higher than when using R22, it is necessary to choose adequate materials.

Thicknesses of copper pipes used with R410A are as shown in Table 3-2-1. Never use copper pipes thinner than 0.8 mm even when it is available on the market.

Table 3-2-1 Thicknesses of annealed copper pipes

		Thickne	ss (mm)
Nominal diameter	Outer diameter (mm)	R410A	R22
1/4	6.35	0.80	0.80
3/8	9.52	0.80	0.80
1/2	12.70	0.80	0.80
5/8	15.88	1.00	1.00

2. Joints

For copper pipes, flare joints or socket joints are used. Prior to use, be sure to remove all contaminants.

a) Flare Joints

Flare joints used to connect the copper pipes cannot be used for pipings whose outer diameter exceeds 20 mm. In such a case, socket joints can be used.

Sizes of flare pipe ends, flare joint ends and flare nuts are as shown in Tables 3-2-3 to 3-2-6 below.

b) Socket Joints

Socket joints are such that they are brazed for connections, and used mainly for thick pipings whose diameter is larger than 20 mm.

Thicknesses of socket joints are as shown in Table 3-2-2.

Table 3-2-2 Minimum thicknesses of socket joints

Nominal diameter	Reference outer diameter of copper pipe jointed (mm)	Minimum joint thickness (mm)
1/4	6.35	0.50
3/8	9.52	0.60
1/2	12.70	0.70
5/8	15.88	0.80

3-2-2. Processing of Piping Materials

When performing the refrigerant piping installation, care should be taken to ensure that water or dust does not enter the pipe interior, that no other oil than lubricating oils used in the installed air-water heat pump is used, and that refrigerant does not leak. When using lubricating oils in the piping processing, use such lubricating oils whose water content has been removed. When stored, be sure to seal the container with an airtight cap or any other cover.

1. Flare processing procedures and precautions

- a) Cutting the Pipe
 - By means of a pipe cutter, slowly cut the pipe so that it is not deformed.
- b) Removing Burrs and Chips
 - If the flared section has chips or burrs, refrigerant leakage may occur. Carefully remove all burrs and clean the cut surface before installation.
- c) Insertion of Flare Nut

d) Flare Processing

Make certain that a clamp bar and copper pipe have been cleaned.

By means of the clamp bar, perform the flare processing correctly.

Use either a flare tool for R410A or conventional flare tool.

Flare processing dimensions differ according to the type of flare tool. When using a conventional flare tool, be sure to secure "dimension A" by using a gauge for size adjustment.

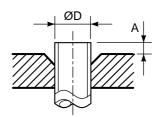


Fig. 3-2-1 Flare processing dimensions

Table 3-2-3 Dimensions related to flare processing for R410A

	Outor		A (mm)			
Nominal diameter	Outer diameter	Thickness (mm)	Flare tool for R410A	Conventional flare tool		
	(mm)	, ,	clutch type	Clutch type	Wing nut type	
1/4	6.35	0.8	0 to 0.5	1.0 to 1.5	1.5 to 2.0	
3/8	9.52	0.8	0 to 0.5	1.0 to 1.5	1.5 to 2.0	
1/2	12.70	0.8	0 to 0.5	1.0 to 1.5	2.0 to 2.5	
5/8	15.88	1.0	0 to 0.5	1.0 to 1.5	2.0 to 2.5	

Table 3-2-4 Dimensions related to flare processing for R22

0.1			A (mm)			
Nominal diameter	Outer diameter (mm)		Flare tool for R22	Conventional flare tool		
	(mm)	, ,	clutch type	Clutch type	Wing nut type	
1/4	6.35	0.8	0 to 0.5	0.5 to 1.0	1.0 to 1.5	
3/8	9.52	0.8	0 to 0.5	0.5 to 1.0	1.0 to 1.5	
1/2	12.70	0.8	0 to 0.5	0.5 to 1.0	1.5 to 2.0	
5/8	15.88	1.0	0 to 0.5	0.5 to 1.0	1.5 to 2.0	

Table 3-2-5 Flare and flare nut dimensions for R410A

Nominal	Outer diameter	Outer diameter Thickness		imensi	Flare nut width		
diameter	(mm)	(mm)	Α	В	С	D	(mm)
1/4	6.35	0.8	9.1	9.2	6.5	13	17
3/8	9.52	0.8	13.2	13.5	9.7	20	22
1/2	12.70	0.8	16.6	16.0	12.9	23	26
5/8	15.88	1.0	19.7	19.0	16.0	25	29

Table 3-2-6 Flare and flare nut dimensions for R22

Nominal	Nominal Outer diameter		Dimension (mm)				Flare nut width
diameter	(mm)	(mm)	Α	В	С	D	(mm)
1/4	6.35	0.8	9.0	9.2	6.5	13	17
3/8	9.52	0.8	13.0	13.5	9.7	20	22
1/2	12.70	0.8	16.2	16.0	12.9	20	24
5/8	15.88	1.0	19.7	19.0	16.0	23	27
3/4	19.05	1.0	23.3	24.0	19.2	34	36

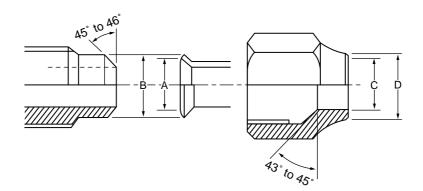


Fig. 3-2-2 Relations between flare nut and flare seal surface

2. Flare Connecting Procedures and Precautions

- a) Make sure that the flare and union portions do not have any scar or dust, etc.
- b) Correctly align the processed flare surface with the union axis.
- c) Tighten the flare with designated torque by means of a torque wrench. The tightening torque for R410A is the same as that for conventional R22. Incidentally, when the torque is weak, the gas leakage may occur. When it is strong, the flare nut may crack and may be made non-removable. When choosing the tightening torque, comply with values designated by manufacturers. Table 3-2-7 shows reference values.

NOTE:

When applying oil to the flare surface, be sure to use oil designated by the manufacturer. If any other oil is used, the lubricating oils may deteriorate and cause the compressor to burn out.

Table 3-2-7 Tightening torque of flare for R410A [Reference values]

Nominal diameter	Outer diameter (mm)	Tightening torque N•m (kgf•cm)	Tightening torque of torque wrenches available on the market N•m (kgf•cm)
1/4	6.35	14 to 18 (140 to 180)	16 (160), 18 (180)
3/8	9.52	33 to 42 (330 to 420)	42 (420)
1/2	12.70	50 to 62 (500 to 620)	55 (550)
5/8	15.88	63 to 77 (630 to 770)	65 (650)

3-3. Tools

3-3-1. Required Tools

The service port diameter of packed valve of the outdoor unit in the air-water heat pump using R410A is changed to prevent mixing of other refrigerant. To reinforce the pressure-resisting strength, flare processing dimensions and opposite side dimension of flare nut (For Ø12.7 copper pipe) of the refrigerant piping are lengthened.

The used refrigerating oil is changed, and mixing of oil may cause a trouble such as generation of sludge, clogging of capillary, etc. Accordingly, the tools to be used are classified into the following three types.

- 1. Tools exclusive for R410A (Those which cannot be used for conventional refrigerant (R22))
- 2. Tools exclusive for R410A, but can be also used for conventional refrigerant (R22)
- 3. Tools commonly used for R410A and for conventional refrigerant (R22)

The table below shows the tools exclusive for R410A and their interchangeability.

Tools exclusive for R410A (The following tools for R410A are required.)

Tools whose specifications are changed for R410A and their interchangeability

				410A pump installation	Conventional air-water heat pump installation
No.	Used tool	Usage	Existence of new equipment for R410A	Whether conventional equipment can be used	Whether new equipment can be used with conventional refrigerant
1	Flare tool	Pipe flaring	Yes	*(Note 1)	0
2	Copper pipe gauge for adjusting projection margin	Flaring by conventional flare tool	Yes	*(Note 1)	*(Note 1)
3	Torque wrench (For Ø12.7)	Connection of flare nut	Yes	×	×
4	Gauge manifold	Evacuating, refrigerant	Yes	~	~
5	Charge hose	charge, run check, etc.	res	×	×
6	Vacuum pump adapter	Vacuum evacuating	Yes	×	0
7	Electronic balance for refrigerant charging	Refrigerant charge	Yes	×	0
8	Refrigerant cylinder	Refrigerant charge	Yes	×	×
9	Leakage detector	Gas leakage check	Yes	×	0
10	Charging cylinder	Refrigerant charge	(Note 2)	×	×

(Note 1) When flaring is carried out for R410A using the conventional flare tools, adjustment of projection margin is necessary. For this adjustment, a copper pipe gauge, etc. are necessary.

(Note 2) Charging cylinder for R410A is being currently developed.

General tools (Conventional tools can be used.)

In addition to the above exclusive tools, the following equipments which serve also for R22 are necessary as the general tools.

1. Vacuum pump Use vacuum pump by attaching vacuum pump adapter.

9. Hole core drill (Ø65)

5. Pipe bender 6. Level vial

4. Reamer

10. Hexagon wrench (Opposite side 4mm)

2. Torque wrench (For Ø6.35, Ø9.52)

11. Tape measure

3. Pipe cutter

7. Screwdriver (+, -)

12. Metal saw

Also prepare the following equipments for other installation method and run check.

1. Clamp meter

3. Insulation resistance tester

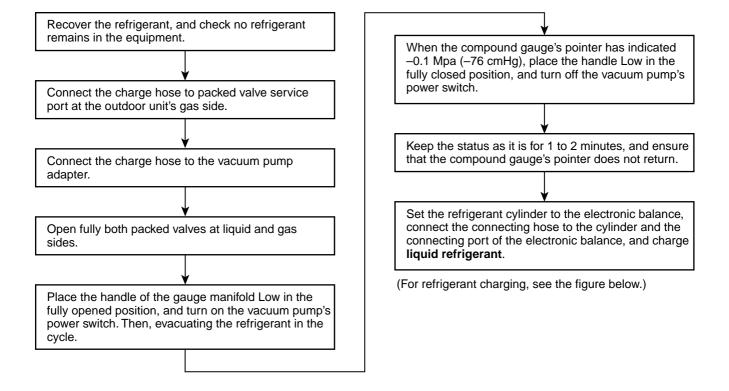
8. Spanner or Monkey wrench

2. Thermometer

4. Electroscope

3-4. Recharging of Refrigerant

When it is necessary to recharge refrigerant, charge the specified amount of new refrigerant according to the following steps.



- 1. Never charge refrigerant exceeding the specified amount.
- 2. If the specified amount of refrigerant cannot be charged, charge refrigerant bit by bit in COOL mode.
- 3. Do not carry out additional charging.

When additional charging is carried out if refrigerant leaks, the refrigerant composition changes in the refrigeration cycle, that is characteristics of the air conditioner changes, refrigerant exceeding the specified amount is charged, and working pressure in the refrigeration cycle becomes abnormally high pressure, and may cause a rupture or personal injury.

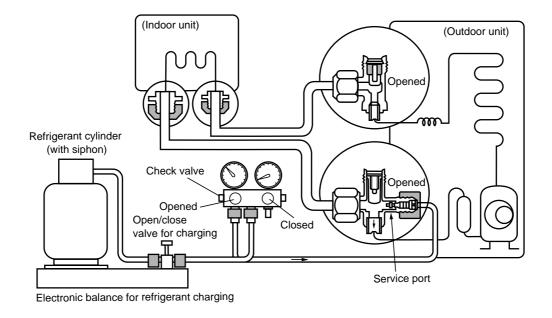


Fig. 3-4-1 Configuration of refrigerant charging

- 1. Be sure to make setting so that liquid can be charged.
- 2. When using a cylinder equipped with a siphon, liquid can be charged without turning it upside down.

It is necessary for charging refrigerant under condition of liquid because R410A is mixed type of refrigerant. Accordingly, when charging refrigerant from the refrigerant cylinder to the equipment, charge it turning the cylinder upside down if cylinder is not equipped with siphon.

[Cylinder with siphon] [Cylinder without siphon] Gauge manifold Gauge manifold **OUTDOOR** unit **OUTDOOR** unit M M cylinder M M Refrigerant Refrigerant cylinder Electronic Electronic balance balance Siphon R410A refrigerant is HFC mixed refrigerant. Therefore, if it is charged with gas, the composition of the charged refrigerant changes and the characteristics of the equipment varies.

Fig. 3-4-2

3-5. Brazing of Pipes

3-5-1. Materials for Brazing

1. Silver brazing filler

Silver brazing filler is an alloy mainly composed of silver and copper. It is used to join iron, copper or copper alloy, and is relatively expensive though it excels in solderability.

2. Phosphor bronze brazing filler

Phosphor bronze brazing filler is generally used to join copper or copper alloy.

3. Low temperature brazing filler

Low temperature brazing filler is generally called solder, and is an alloy of tin and lead. Since it is weak in adhesive strength, do not use it for refrigerant pipes.

- Phosphor bronze brazing filler tends to react with sulfur and produce a fragile compound water solution, which may cause a gas leakage. Therefore, use any other type of brazing filler at a hot spring resort, etc., and coat the surface with a paint.
- 2. When performing brazing again at time of servicing, use the same type of brazing filler.

3-5-2. Flux

1. Reason why flux is necessary

- By removing the oxide film and any foreign matter on the metal surface, it assists the flow of brazing filler.
- In the brazing process, it prevents the metal surface from being oxidized.
- By reducing the brazing filler's surface tension, the brazing filler adheres better to the treated metal.

2. Characteristics required for flux

- Activated temperature of flux coincides with the brazing temperature.
- Due to a wide effective temperature range, flux is hard to carbonize.
- It is easy to remove slag after brazing.
- The corrosive action to the treated metal and brazing filler is minimum.
- It excels in coating performance and is harmless to the human body.

As the flux works in a complicated manner as described above, it is necessary to select an adequate type of flux according to the type and shape of treated metal, type of brazing filler and brazing method, etc.

3. Types of flux

Noncorrosive flux

Generally, it is a compound of borax and boric acid.

It is effective in case where the brazing temperature is higher than 800°C.

Activated flux

Most of fluxes generally used for silver brazing are this type.

It features an increased oxide film removing capability due to the addition of compounds such as potassium fluoride, potassium chloride and sodium fluoride to the borax-boric acid compound.

4. Piping materials for brazing and used brazing filler/flux

Piping material	Used brazing filler	Used flux
Copper - Copper	Phosphor copper	Do not use
Copper - Iron	Silver	Paste flux
Iron - Iron	Silver	Vapor flux

- 1. Do not enter flux into the refrigeration cycle.
- 2. When chlorine contained in the flux remains within the pipe, the lubricating oil deteriorates. Therefore, use a flux which does not contain chlorine.
- 3. When adding water to the flux, use water which does not contain chlorine (e.g. distilled water or ion-exchange water).
- 4. Remove the flux after brazing.

3-5-3. Brazing

As brazing work requires sophisticated techniques, experiences based upon a theoretical knowledge, it must be performed by a person qualified.

In order to prevent the oxide film from occurring in the pipe interior during brazing, it is effective to proceed with brazing while letting dry Nitrogen gas (N2) flow.

Never use gas other than Nitrogen gas.

1. Brazing method to prevent oxidation

- 1) Attach a reducing valve and a flow-meter to the Nitrogen gas cylinder.
- 2) Use a copper pipe to direct the piping material, and attach a flow-meter to the cylinder.
- Apply a seal onto the clearance between the piping material and inserted copper pipe for Nitrogen in order to prevent backflow of the Nitrogen gas.
- 4) When the Nitrogen gas is flowing, be sure to keep the piping end open.
- 5) Adjust the flow rate of Nitrogen gas so that it is lower than 0.05 m³/Hr or 0.02 MPa (0.2kgf/cm²) by means of the reducing valve.
- 6) After performing the steps above, keep the Nitrogen gas flowing until the pipe cools down to a certain extent (temperature at which pipes are touchable with hands).
- 7) Remove the flux completely after brazing.

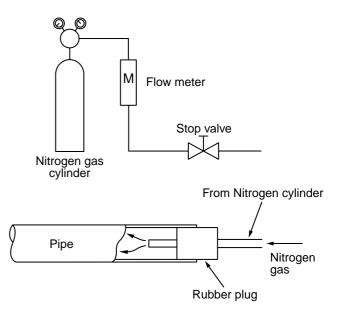
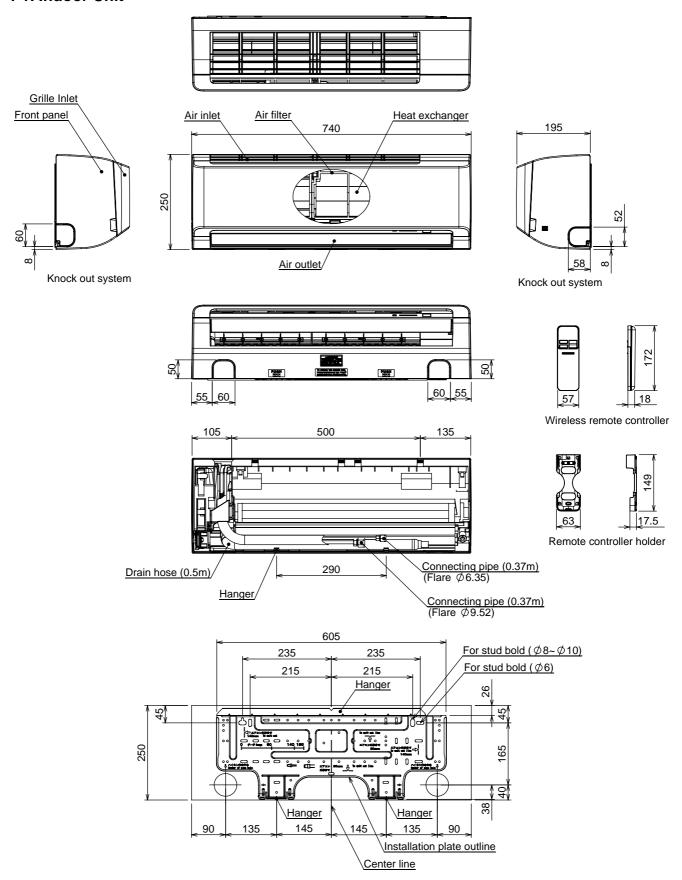


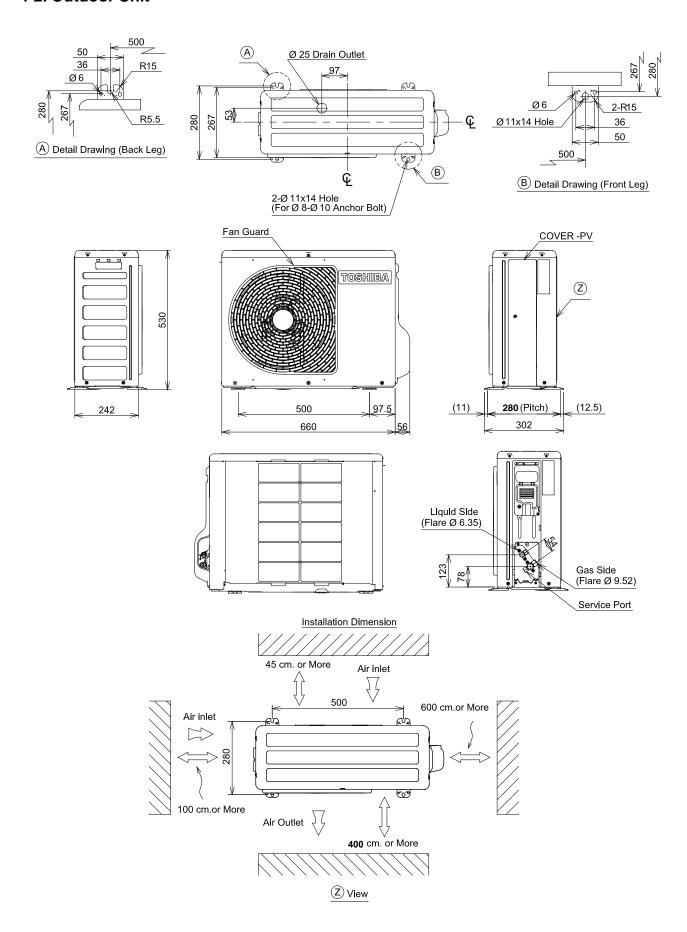
Fig. 3-5-1 Prevention of oxidation during brazing

4. CONSTRUCTION VIEWS

4-1. Indoor Unit

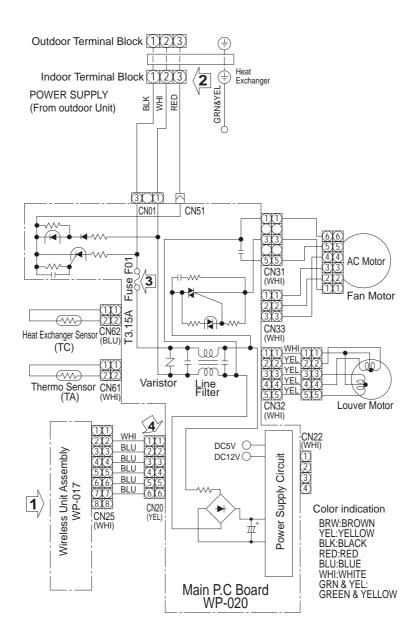


4-2. Outdoor Unit



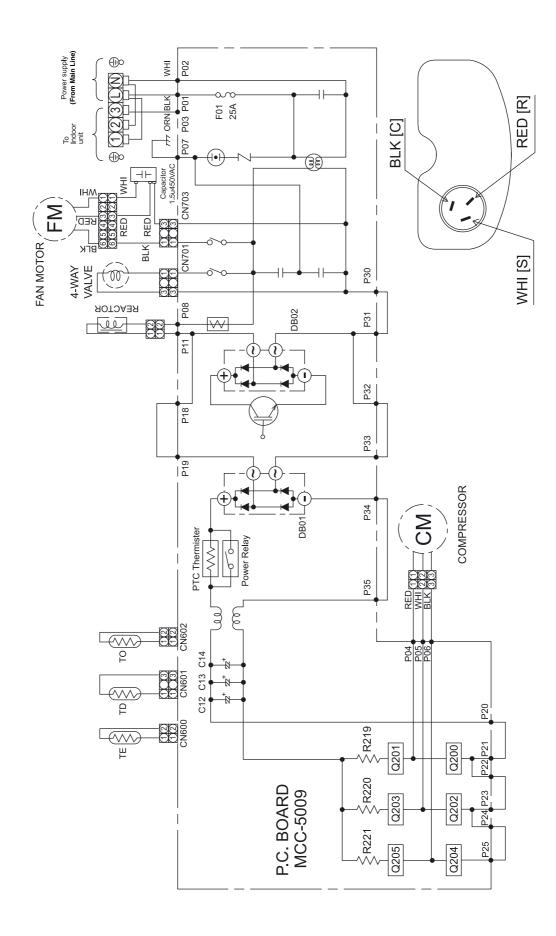
5. WIRING DIAGRAM

5-1. Indoor Unit



Quick check for diagnosing faults

Check Items	Diagnosis result
OPERATION indicator	Check to see if the OPERATION indicator goes on & off when the main switch or circuit breakers turned on,or power cord is plugged in the wall outlet.
Terminal block	Check for the voltage between ① and ② is 220 to 240VAC. Check for the voltage between ② and ③ is 15 to 60VDC.
13 Fuse 3.15A	Check Varistor if the fuse is open.
1 DC5V	Check for the voltage between ② and ③ terminal of CN20.



6. SPECIFICATION OF ELECTRICAL PARTS

6-1. Indoor Unit

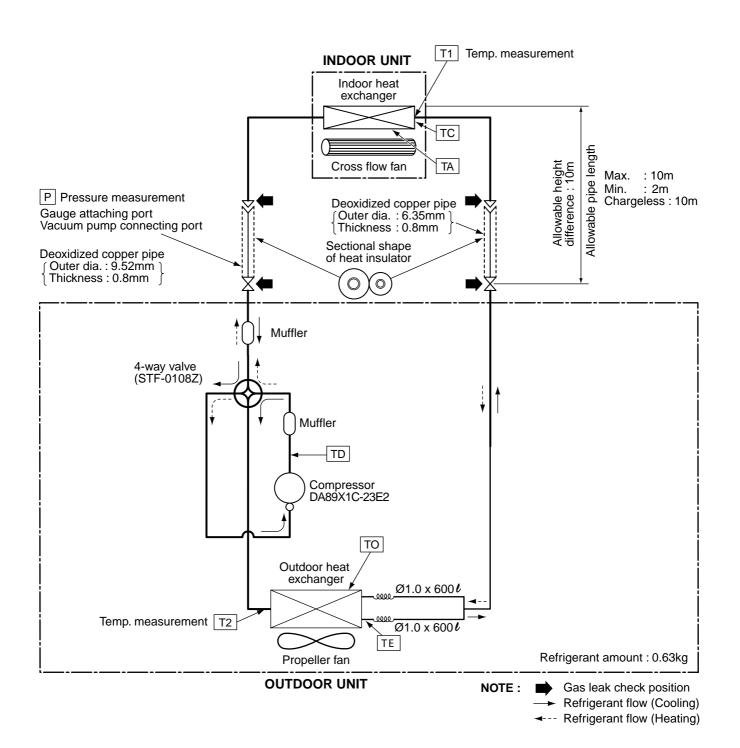
No.	Parts name	Туре	Specifications
1	Fan motor (for indoor)	AFN-220-20-4D	AC 240V, 20W
2	Room temp. sensor (TA-sensor)	(-)	10kΩ at 25°C
3	Heat exchanger temp. sensor (TC-sensor)	(-)	10kΩ at 25°C
4	Louver motor	MP24ZCT	Output (Rated) 1W, 16 poles, DC12V

6-2. Outdoor Unit

No.	Parts name	Туре	Specifications
1	Reactor	CH-69	L = 19mH, 10A
2	Outdoor fan motor	WLF-240-20A-1	AC 240V, 20W
3	Suction temp. sensor (TS sensor)	(Inverter attached)	10kΩ (25°C)
4	Discharge temp. sensor (TD sensor)	(Inverter attached)	62kΩ (20°C)
5	Outside air temp. sensor (TO sensor)	(Inverter attached)	10kΩ (25°C)
6	Heat exchanger temp. sensor (TE sensor)	(Inverter attached)	10kΩ (25°C)
7	Terminal block (5P)		20A, AC250V
8	Compressor	DA89X1C-23EZ	3-phases 4-poles 750W
9	Coil for 4-way valve	STF	AC220-240V

7. REFRIGERANT CYCLE DIAGRAM

7-1. Refrigerant Cycle Diagram



NOTE:

• The maximum pipe length of this air conditioner is 10 m. The addition charging of refrigevant is unnecessary because this air condition is design with charge-less specification.

7-2. Operation Data

<Cooling>

Tempeature condition(°C)		Standard pressure	Heat exchanger pipe temp.		Indoor fan mode	Outdoor fan mode	Compressor revolution
Indoor	Outdoor	P (MPa)	T1 (°C)	T2 (°C)			(rps)
27/19	35/-	0.9 to 1.1	9 to 11	47 to 49	High	High	54

<Heating>

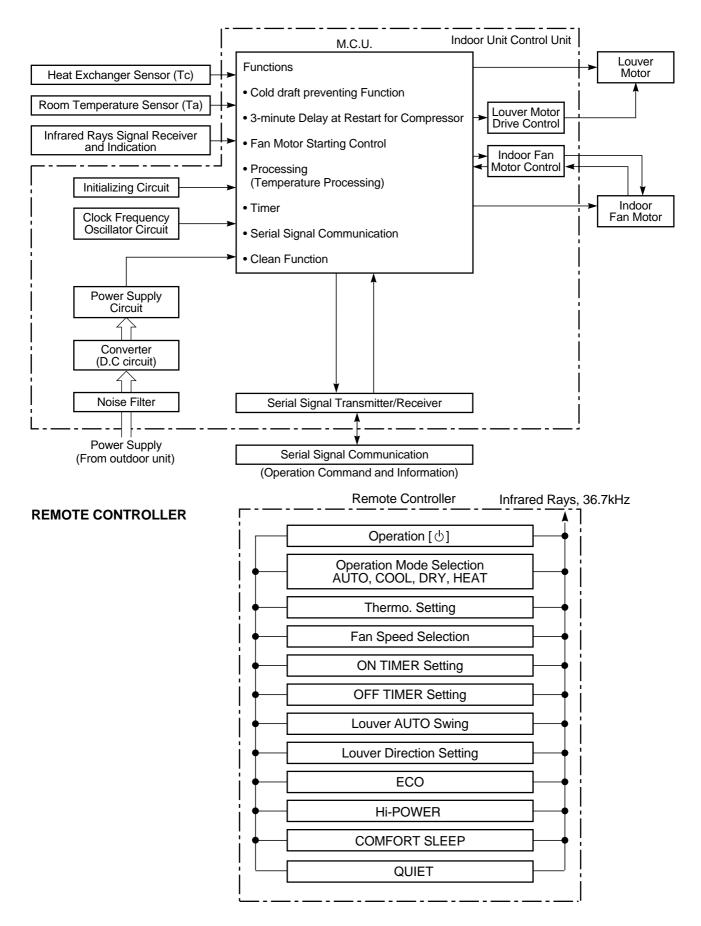
		Standard pressure	Heat exchanger pipe temp.		Indoor fan mode	Outdoor fan mode	Compressor revolution	
	Indoor	Outdoor	P (MPa)	T1 (°C)	T2 (°C)			(rps)
	20/-	7/6	2.4 to 2.6	43 to 45	0 to 3	High	High	68

NOTES:

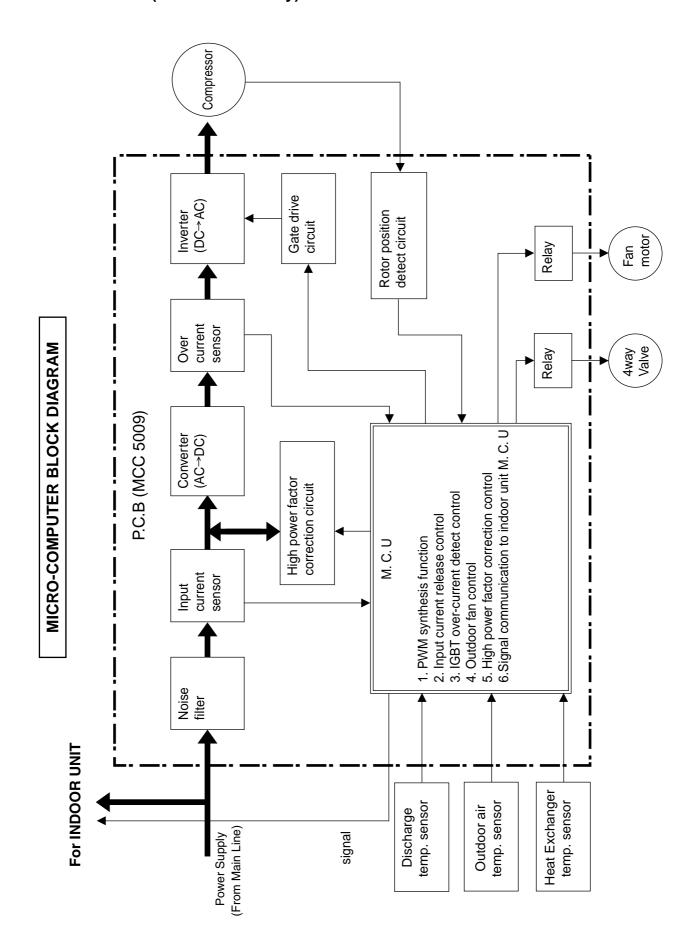
- Measure surface temperature of heat exchanger pipe around center of heat exchaner path U bent. (Thermistor themometer)
- 2. Connecting piping condition 5 m

8. CONTROL BLOCK DIAGRAM

8-1. Indoor Unit



8-2. Outdoor Unit (Inverter Assembly)



9. OPERATION DESCRIPTION

9-1. Outline of Air Conditioner Control

This air conditioner is a capacity-variable type air conditioner, which uses AC motor both the indoor fan motor and the outdoor fan motor. And the capacity-proportional control compressor which can change the motor speed in the range from 22 to 83 rps is mounted. The AC motor drive circuit is mounted to the indoor unit. The compressor and the inverter is mounted to the outdoor unit.

The entire air conditioner is mainly controlled by the indoor unit controller.

The indoor unit controller drives the indoor fan motor based upon command sent from the remote controller, and transfers the operation command to the outdoor unit controller.

The outdoor unit controller receives operation command from the indoor unit side, and controls the outdoor fan motor. Besides detecting revolution position of the compressor motor, the outdoor unit controller controls speed of the compressor motor by controlling output voltage of the inverter and switching timing of the supply power (current transfer timing) so that motors drive according to the operation command.

And then, the outdoor unit controller transfers reversely the operating status information of the outdoor unit to control the indoor unit controller.

As the compressor adopts four-pole brushless DC motor, the frequency of the supply power from in verter to compressor is two-times cycles of the actual number of revolution.

1. Role of indoor unit controller

The indoor unit controller judges the operation commands from the remote controller and assumes the following functions.

- Judgment of suction air temperature of the indoor heat exchanger by using the indoor temp. sensor. (TA sensor)
- Judgment of the indoor heat exchanger temperature by using heat exchanger sensor (TC sensor) (Prevent-freezing control, etc.)
- · Louver motor control
- Indoor fan motor operation control
- · LED (Light Emitting Diode) display control
- Transferring of operation command signal (Serial signal) to the outdoor unit
- Reception of information of operation status (Serial signal including outside temp. data) to the outdoor unit and judgment/display of error

2. Role of outdoor unit controller

Receiving the operation command signal (Serial signal) from the indoor unit controller, the outdoor unit performs its role.

- Compressor operation control
- 4-way valve control

Operations followed to judgment of serial signal from indoor side

- Detection of inverter input current and current release operation
- Over-current detection and prevention operation to IGBT module (Compressor stop function)
- Compressor and outdoor fan stop function when serial signal is off (when the serial signal does not reach the board assembly of outdoor control by trouble of the signal system)
- Transferring of operation information (Serial signal) from outdoor unit controller to indoor unit controller
- Detection of outdoor temperature and operation revolution control
- Defrost control in heating operation (Temp. measurement by outdoor heat exchanger and control for 4-way valve and outdoor fan)

3. Contents of operation command signal (Serial signal) from indoor unit controller to outdoor unit controller

The following three types of signals are sent from the indoor unit controller.

- · Operation mode set on the remote controller
- Compressor revolution command signal defined by indoor temperature and set temperature (Correction along with variation of room temperature and correction of indoor heat exchanger temperature are added.)
- · Temperature of indoor heat exchanger
- For these signals ([Operation mode] and [Compressor revolution] indoor heat exchanger temperature), the outdoor unit controller monitors the input current to the inverter, and performs the followed operation within the range that current does not exceed the allowable value.

4. Contents of operation command signal (Serial signal) from outdoor unit controller to indoor unit controller

The following signals are sent from the outdoor unit controller.

- The current operation mode
- The current compressor revolution
- Outdoor temperature
- Existence of protective circuit operation
 For transferring of these signals, the indoor unit controller monitors the contents of signals, and judges existence of trouble occurrence.

Contents of judgment are described below.

- Whether distinction of the current operation status meets to the operation command signal
- Whether protective circuit operates
 When no signal is received from the outdoor unit controller, it is assumed as a trouble.

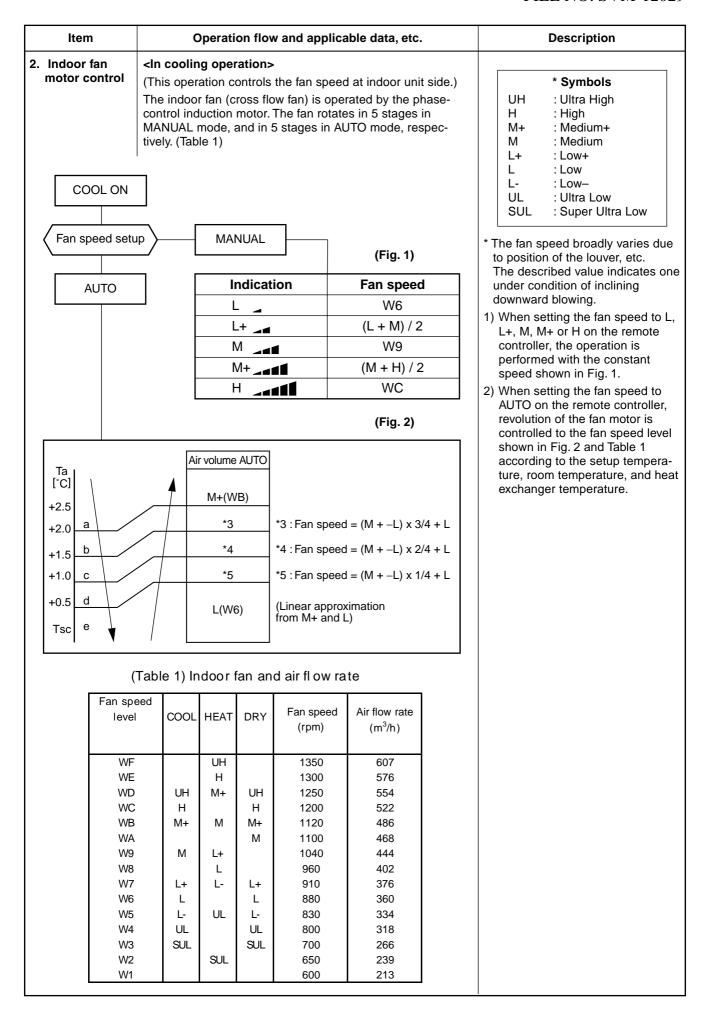
9-2. Operation Description

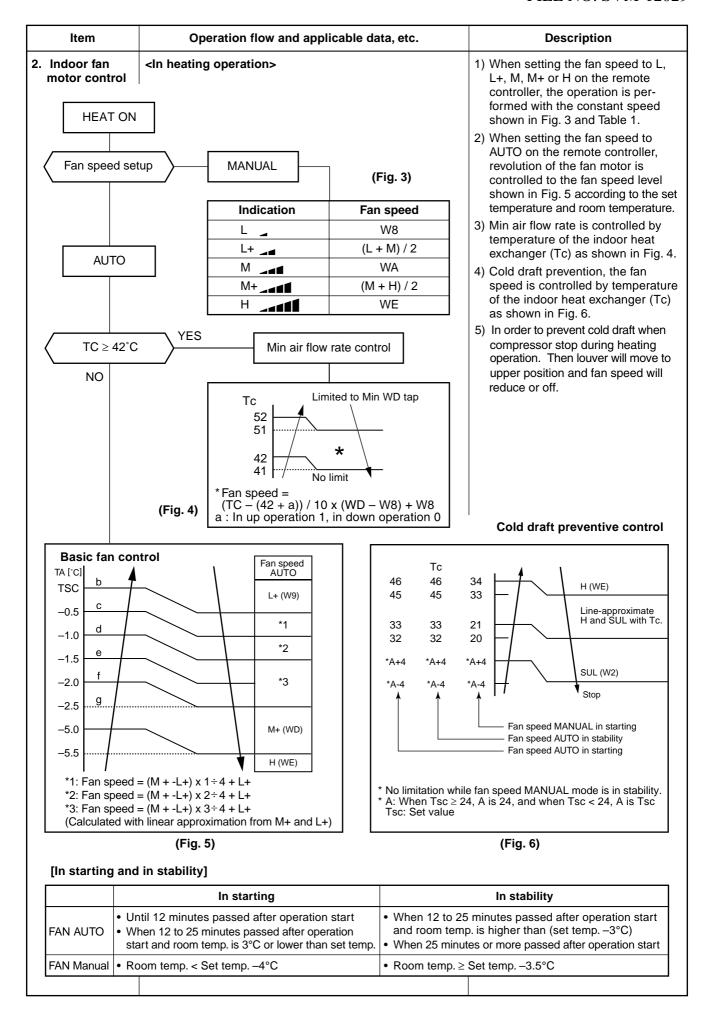
	1.	Basic operation	25
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		3. AUTO operation	26
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	2.	Indoor fan motor control	27
	3.	Capacity control	29
	4.	Current release control	29
	5.	Release protective control by temperature of indoor heat exchanger	30
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	7.	Louver control	
		1) Louver position	32
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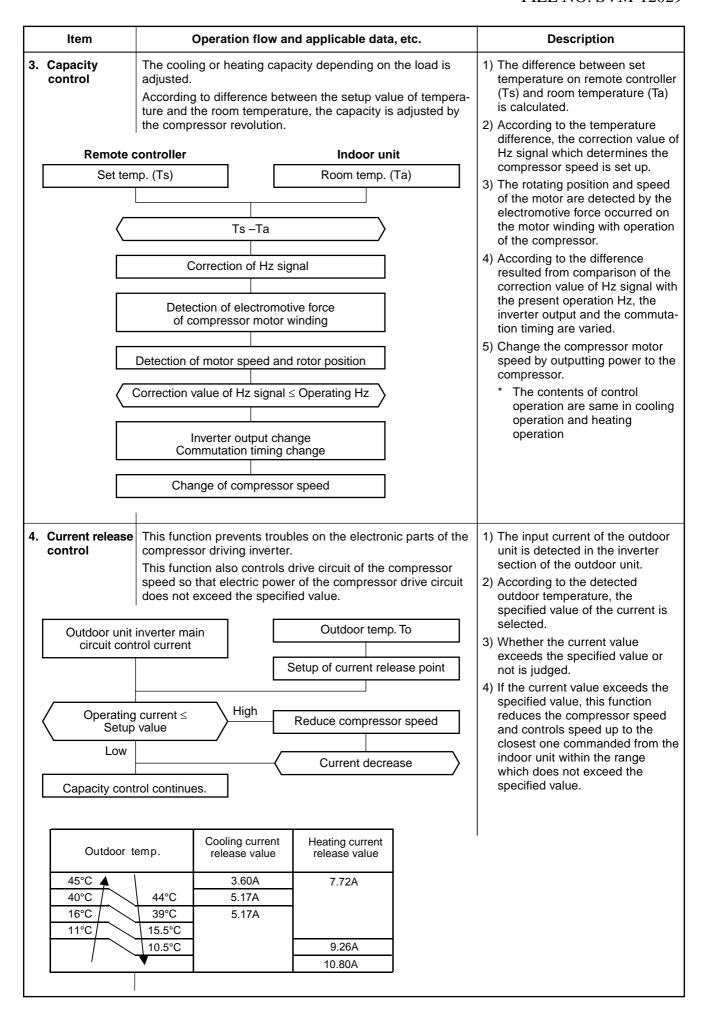
9-2. Operation Description

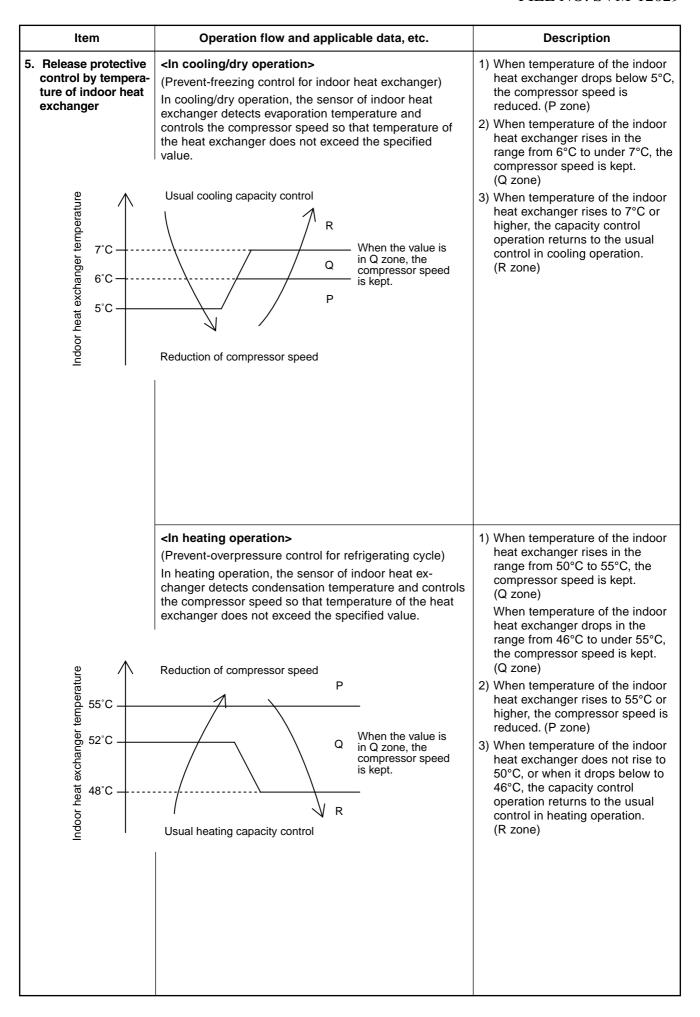
1. Operation Receiving the user's operation condition setup, the operation statuses of indoor/outdoor use controlled. 1) The operation conditions are selected by the remote controller as shown in the below. 2) A signal is sent by ON button of the remote controller. 3) The signal is received by a sensor of the indoor unit and processed by the indoor controller shown in the below. 4) The indoor controller controls the indoor fan motor and louver motor. 5) The indoor controller sends the operation command to the outdoor controller, and send the control status with a serial signal. 6) The outdoor controller controls the operation as shown in the left, and also controls the sor, outdoor fan motor and 4-way valve. Remote controller	rollers as
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the control status with a serial signal. 6) The outdoor controller controls the operation as shown in the left, and also controls the sor, outdoor fan motor and 4-way valve. Remote controller	
Remote controller	e compres-
Selection of operation conditions Control contents of remote controller ON/OFF (Air conditioner)	
Operation select (COOL/HEAT/AUTO/DRY)	
ON/OFF • Temperature setup • Air direction	
Swing Air volume select (AUTO/LOW/LOW+/MED/MED+/HIGH)	
• ECO • COMFORT SLEEP	
ON timer setup OFF timer setup PRESET PRESET	
• Hi POWER • ONE-TOUCH	
Indoor unit	
Signal receiving Indoor unit control	
Command signal generating function of	
	fan motor
Operation command • Activation compensation function of indoor fan • Cold draft preventive function	motor
• Timer function	
Serial signal send/receive • Indoor heat exchanger release control	
Outdoor unit	
Serial signal send/receive Outdoor unit control Inverter	
Frequency control of inverter output	
Outdoor unit control • Waveform composite function • Calculation function • Compressor	ſ
(Temperature calculation) • AD conversion function • Outdoor fan • 4-way valve	
Quick heating function Delay function of compressor reactivation	
Current release function	
GTr over-current preventive function Defrost operation function	

Item Operation flow and applicable data, etc. Description 1. Basic 2. Cooling/Heating operation operation The operations are performed in the following parts by controls according to cooling/heating conditions. 1) Receiving the operation ON signal of the remote controller, the cooling or heating operation signal starts being transferred form the indoor controller to the outdoor unit. 2) At the indoor unit side, the indoor fan is operated according to the contents of "2. Indoor fan motor control" and the louver according to the contents of "9. Louver control", respectively. 3) The outdoor unit controls the outdoor fan motor, compressor and 4-way valve according to the operation signal sent from the indoor unit. Operation ON Setup of remote controller Indoor fan motor control / Louver control / Operation Hz Indoor unit control Control (Requierment) Sending of operation command signal Compressor revolution control / Outdoor fan motor control / Operation Hz control (Include limit control) Outdoor unit control 4-way valve control [In cooling operation: OFF] In heating operation: ON 3. AUTO operation 1) Detects the room temperature (Ta) when the operation started. Selection of operation mode 2) Selects an operation mode from Ta in As shown in the following figure, the operation starts by selecting automatically the status of room temperature the left figure. (Ta) when starting AUTO operation. 3) Fan operation continues until an *1. When reselecting the operation mode, the fan operation mode is selected. speed is controlled by the previous operation mode. 4) When AUTO operation has started within 2 hours after heating operation stopped and if the room temperature is Ta 20°C or more, the fan operation is Cooling operation performed with "Super Ultra LOW" mode for 3 minutes. Ts + 1Then, select an operation mode. Monitoring (Fan) 5) If the status of compressor-OFF Ts - 1continues for 15 minutes the room temperature after selecting an operation Heating operation mode (COOL/HEAT), reselect an operation mode. 4. DRY operation 1) Detects the room temperature (Ta) when the DRY operation started. DRY operation is performed according to the difference 2) Starts operation under conditions in the between room temperature and the setup temperature as shown below. left figure according to the temperature difference between the room tempera-In DRY operation, fan speed is controlled in order to ture and the setup temperature (Tsc). prevent lowering of the room temperature and to avoid air Setup temperature (Tsc) flow from blowing directly to persons. = Set temperature on remote controller (Ts) + (0.0 to 1.0)[°C] 3) When the room temperature is lower Ta L- (W5) 1°C or less than the setup temperature, turn off the compressor. +1.0 (W5+W3) / 2 +0.5 SUL (W3) Tsc Fan speed





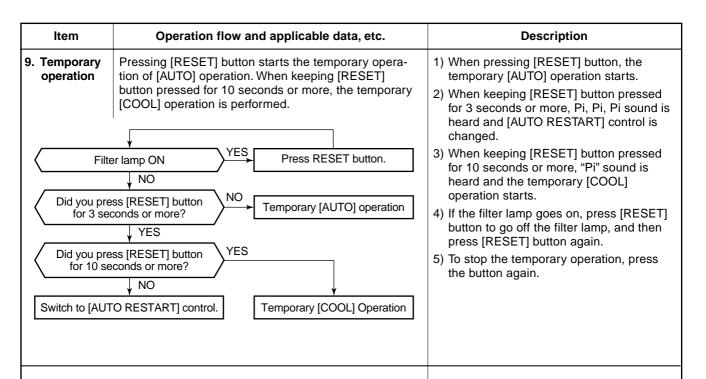




Item Operation flow and applicable data, etc. Description 6. Defrost control (This function removes frost adhered to the outdoor The necessity of defrost operation is (Only in heating heat exchanger.) detected by the outdoor heat exchanger temperature. The conditions to detect the operation) The temperature sensor of the outdoor heat exnecessity of defrost operation differ in A. changer (Te sensor) judges the frosting status of the B, or C zone each. (Table 1) outdoor heat exchanger and the defrost operation is performed with 4-way valve reverse defrost system. <Defrost operation> • Defrost operation in A to C zones 1) Stop operation of the compressor for Start of heating operation 20 seconds. Outdoor heat exchanger temperature 2) Invert (OFF) 4-way valve 10 seconds Operation time 10' 15' 27'40" after stop of the compressor. (Minute) The outdoor fan stops at the same time when the compressor stops. -5°C 4) When temperature of the indoor heat C zone exchanger becomes 38°C or lower, -7°C stop the indoor fan. <Finish of defrost operation> A zone · Returning conditions from defrost -20°C operation to heating operation B zone 1) Temperature of outdoor heat exchanger rises to +8°C or higher. 2) Temperature of outdoor heat exchanger * The minimum value of Te sensor 10 to 15 minutes is kept at +5°C or higher for 80 seconds. after start of operation is stored in memory as Te0. 3) Defrost operation continues for 15 minutes. Table 1 <Returning from defrost operation> When Te0 - TE \geq 2.5 continued for 2 minutes in A zone, A zone 1) Stop operation of the compressor for defrost operation starts. approx. 50 seconds. When the operation continued for 2 minutes in B zone, B zone 2) Invert (ON) 4-way valve approx. 40 defrost operation starts. seconds after stop of the compressor. When Te0 - TE ≥ 3 continued for 2 minutes in C zone, 3) The outdoor fan starts rotating at the C zone defrost operation starts. same time when the compressor starts.

Item	Operation flow and applicable data, etc.	Description
7. Louver control 1) Louver position	 This function controls the air direction of the indoor unit. The position is automatically controlled according to the operation mode (COOL/HEAT). The set louver position is stored in memory by the microcomputer, and the louver returns to the stored position when the next operation is performed. (Cooling/Heating memory position) The angle of the louver is indicated as the louver closes fully is 0°. Louver position in cooling operation 	
	Initial setting of "Cooling storage position" Louver : Directs downward (48°)	
	2) Louver position in heating operation Heating operation/ AUTO (HEAT)	
	Initial setting of "Heating storage position" Louver : Directs downward (115.7°)	
2) Air direction ac	ljustment Air direction	The louver position can be arbitrarily set up by pressing [FIX] button.
Horizontal blowing	Inclined blowing downward blowing Horizontal blowing Inclined blowing Horizontal blowing	
3) Swing	 Swing operation is performed in width 35° with the stop position as the center. If the stop position exceeds either upper or lower limit position, swing operation is performed in width 35° from the limit which the stop position exceeded. 	Swing When pressing [SWING] button during operation, the louver starts swinging.

Item Operation flow and applicable data, etc. Description 8. ECO When pressing [ECO] button on the remote controller, a <Cooling operation> operation Economic operation is performed. 1) The control target temperature <Cooling operation> increase 0.5°C per hour up to 2°C This function operates the air conditioner with the difference starting from the set temperature between the set and the room temperature as shown in the when ECONO has been received. following figure. 2) The indoor fan speed is depend on presetting and can change every speed after setting ECO Zone Frequency ТΔ FAN operation. 12 Dry Max +6.5 11 +6.0 3) The compressor speed is 10 +5.5 controlled as shown in the left *10 9 +5.0 every figure. 8 *9 +4.5 *8 7 +4.0 speed depend on presetting and can change 6 +3.5 5 +3.0 4 +2.5 3 +2.0 2 +1.5 +1.0 Min Hz +0.5 TSC -0.5 -1.0 -2.0 Fan OFF 1H 2H ЗН 4H Time * 12 (DRY max - COOL min) /6 x 5 + COOL min * 11 (DRY max - COOL min) /6 x 4 + COOL min * 10 (DRY max - COOL min) /6 x 3 + COOL min * 9 (DRY max - COOL min) /6 x 2 + COOL min * 8 (DRY max - COOL min) /6 x 1 + COOL min Cool min 22 DRY max 32 <Heating operation> <Heating operation> 30 minutes \rightarrow Time Compressor 1) Setting the compressor speed to speed Max. aHz, the temperature zone 0 in which the operation can be -0.5performed with Max. cHz is gradually widened after 30 -1.0В -1.5minutes passed when starting Room temp. - Set temp.) Α -2.0A zone ECO operation. aHz -2.52) The indoor fan speed is depend -3.0on presetting and can change -4.0every speed after setting ECO -5.0-6.0operation. -7.0-8.0 С В B zone -9.0 a to cHz -10.0-11.0C zone С cHz Hz а 52



10. Discharge temperature control

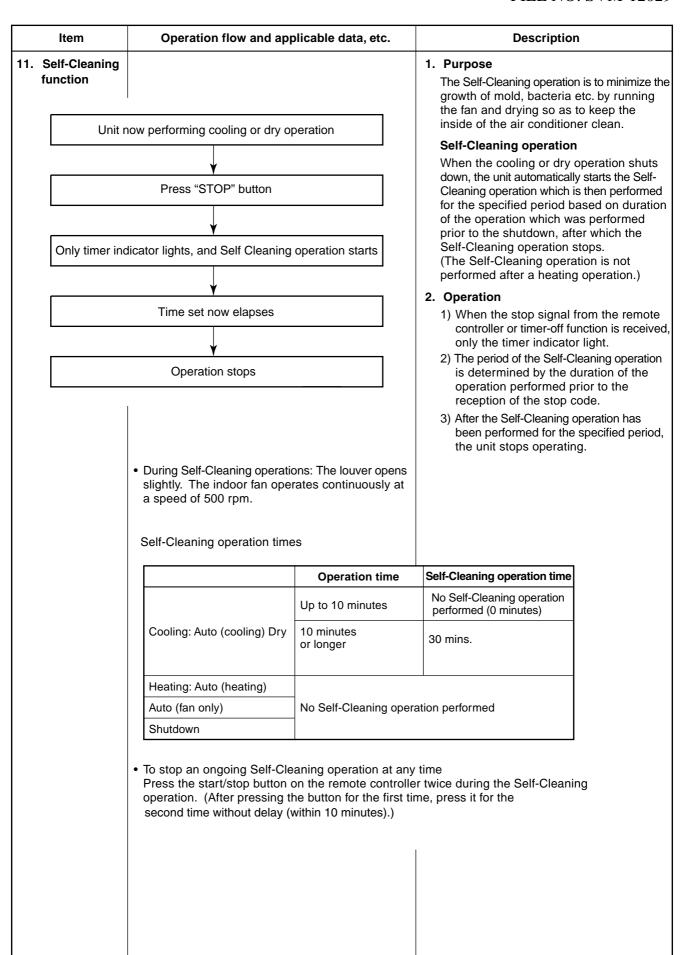
_	Td value	Control operation
_	117°C	Judges as an error and stops the compressor.
	112°C	Reduce the compressor speed.
	108°C	Reduce slowly compressor speed.
	105°C	Keeps the compressor speed.
	98°C	If the operation is performed with lower speed than one commanded by the serial signal, speed is slowly raised up to the commanded speed.
		Operates with speed commanded by the serial signal.

1. Purpose

This function detects error on the refrigerating cycle or error on the compressor, and performs protective control.

2. Operation

Control of the compressor speed
 The speed control is performed as described in the left table based upon the discharge temperature.



				FILE NO. SVM-12029
Item Operation flow and applicable data, etc.				Description
11. Self-Cleaning function	Self-Cleaning diagram			
Operation display	ON	OFF		OFF
FCU fan	ON rpm is depend on presetting.	ON (500RPM	1)	OFF
FCU louver	OPEN	OPEN (11.	3°)	CLOSE
Timer display	ON or OFF depend on presetting of timer function.	ON		ON or OFF depend on presetting of timer function.
Compressor	ON or OFF depend on presetting per room temperature.	OFF		OFF
CDU fan	ON or OFF depend on presetting per room temperature.	OFF		OFF
•	Cool mode or dry mode operation more than 10 mins.		ins.	Operation time tically turn-off.
12. Romote-A or B selection	Setting the remote controller To separate using of remote control unit in case of 2 air conditioner are in Remote Control B Setup. 1) Press RESET button on the indoctine air conditioner ON. 2) Point the remote control at the incontrol by thetip of the pencil. "00 shown on the display. 4) Press MODE • during pushing Coshow on the display and "00" will the air conditioner will turn OFF. Control B is memorized. Note: 1. Repeat above step to reset to be A. 2. Remote Control A has moted and the control of the	for each indoor installed nearly. or unit to turn door unit. The Remote The will be shown The Remote The Remote Remote Control The display. Control from	indo 2. Desc Whe situate beer near remove thus 3. Ope the contract receive contract recei	operation is to operate only one or unit using one remote controller. cription In operating one indoor unit in a attion where two indoor units have in installed in the same room or by rooms, this operation prevents the ote controller signal from being ived simultaneously by both units, preventing both units from operating.

Item	Operation flow and applicable data, etc.	Description
13. QUIET mode	When the [QUIET] button is pressed, the fan of the indoor unit will be restricted the revolving speed at speed L – until the [QUIET] button is pressed once again (cancel Quiet mode).	Quiet mode is the system which, control the revolving speed of indoor fan to work constantly at lower than speed L. In addition, noise level of indoor unit is less than usual. Remarks: 1. Quiet mode is unable to work in dry mode. 2. Quiet mode is appropriate to work with less cooling load and less heating load condition. Because of the fan speed L- may cause not enough the cooling capacity or heating capacity.
14. SLEEP mode	Cooling mode The preset temperature will increase as show on ECO operation (Item No. 9) Press the [COMFORT SLEEP] button to choose the operating hours. Repeat pressing to select the hours. (1hr, 3hr, 5hr or 9hr) If the [COMFORT SLEEP] button is pressed again means cancel comfort sleep mode. Heating mode The preset temperature will drop down as show on ECO operation (Item No. 9) Press the [COMFORT SLEEP] button to choose the operating hours. Repeat pressing to setect thehours. (1hr, 3hr, 5hr or 9 hr) If the [COMFORT SLEEP] button is pressed again means cancel comfort sleep mode.	 The principles of comfort sleep mode are: Quietness for more comfortable. When room temperature reach setting temperature Save energy by changing room temperature automatically. The air condition can shut down by itself automatically. Remarks: 1. Comfort sleep mode will not operate in dry mode and fan only mode.
15. One-Touch Comfort	One touch comfort is the fully automated operation that is set according to the preferable condition in a region. Fan Operation AUTO *AUTO/L *AUTO/L: Fan operates depends on the setting temperature and room temperature. During the One Touch Comfort mode if the indoor unit receives any signal with other operation mode, the unit will cancel the comfort mode and operates according to the signal received.	Operation condition for model to Europe market When an indoor unit receives "One Touch Comfort Signal" from the remote controller, the indoor unit operates as following. 1) Air conditioner starts to operation when the signal is received, even if the air conditioner was OFF. 2) Operation mode is set according to room temperature, the same as AUTO mode. 3) Target temperature is 24°C. 4) Louver position is set as stored position of the operating mode. 5) Fan is controlled as followings.

Item	Operation flow and applicable data, etc.	Description
Item 16. Hi-POWER Mode	Operation flow and applicable data, etc. ([Hi-POWER] button on the remote controller is pressed) When [Hi-POWER] button is pressed while the indoor unit is in Auto, Cooling or Heating operation, Hi-POWER mark is indicated on the display of the remote controller and the unit operates as follows. 1. Automatic operation • The indoor unit operates in according to the current operation. 2. Cooling operation • The preset temperature drops 1°C (The value of the preset temperature on the remote controller does not change.) The indoor unit's fan speed level increase 1 tap 3. Heating operation • The preset temperature increases 2°C (The value of the preset temperature on the remote controller does not change.) The indoor unit's fan speed level increase 1 tap	Description
	4. The Hi-POWER mode can not be set in Dry operation Output Output Description And the Hi-Power mode can not be set in Dry operation Output Description Output Descripti	

9-3. Auto Restart Function

This indoor unit is equipped with an automatic restarting function which allows the unit to restart operating with the set operating conditions in the event of a power supply being accidentally shut down.

The operation will resume without warning three minutes after power is restored.

This function is not set to work when shipped from the factory. Therefore it is necessary to set it to work.

9-3-1. How to Set the Auto Restart Function

To set the auto restart function, proceed as follows:

The power supply to the unit must be on; the function will not set if the power is off.

Press the [RESET] button located in the center of the front panel continuously for three seconds.

The unit receives the signal and beeps three times.

The unit then restarts operating automatically in the event of power supply being accidentally shut down.

. When the unit is standby (Not operating)

Operation	Motions		
Press [RESET] button for more than three seconds. (Less than 10 seconds)	The unit is on standby. ↓		
	The unit starts to operate. After approx. three The unit beeps three times and continues to operate.	The green indicator is on. e seconds, The green indicator flashes for 5 seconds.	
RESET button	If the unit is not required to opera button once more or use the rem	• • • •	

• When the unit is in operation

Operation	Motions		
Press [RESET] button for more than three seconds. (Less than 10 seconds)	The unit is in operation.	The green indicator is on.	
	The unit stops operating. ↓ After approx. thr	The green indicator is turned off. ree seconds,	
	The unit beeps three times.	The green indicator flashes for 5 seconds.	
RESET button	If the unit is required to operate once more or use the remote of	e at this time, press [RESET] button controller to turn it on.	

• While the filter check indicator is on, the RESET button has the function of filter reset betton.

9-3-2. How to Cancel the Auto Restart Function

To cancel auto restart function, proceed as follows:

Repeat the setting procedure: the unit receives the signal and beeps three times.

The unit will be required to be turned on with the remote controller after the main power supply is turned off.

• When the system is on stand-by (not operating)

Operation	Motions		
Press [RESET] button for more than three seconds. (Less than 10 seconds)	The unit is on standby. ↓		
RESET button	The unit starts to operate. The green indicator is on. ↓ After approx. three seconds, The unit beeps three times and continues to operate. If the unit is not required to operate at this time, press [RESET] button once more or use the remote controller to turn it off.		

. When the system is operating

Operation	Motions		
Press [RESET] button for more than three seconds. (Less than 10 seconds)	The unit is in operation.	The green indicator is on.	
RESET button	The unit stops operating. ↓ After approx. th The unit beeps three times. If the unit is required to operat once more or use the remote	te at this time, press [RESET] button	

9-3-3. Power Failure During Timer Operation

When the unit is turned off because of power failure during timer operation, the timer operation is cancelled. In that case, set the timer operation again.

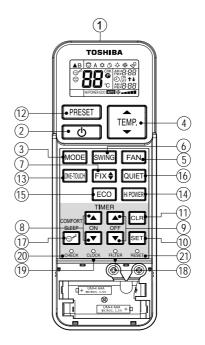
NOTE:

The daily timer is reset while a command signal can be received from the remote controller even if it stopped due to a power failure.

9-4. Remote Controller and Its Fuctions

9-4-1. Parts Name of Remote Controller

- 1) Infrared signal emitter
- (2) Start/Stop button
- (3) Mode select button (MODE)
- (4) Temperature button (TEMP)
- (5) Fan speed button (FAN)
- (6) Swing louver button (SWING)
- 7 Set louver button (FIX)
- (8) On timer button (ON)
- (9) Off timer button (OFF)
- (10) Setup button (SET)
- (11) Clear button (CLR)
- (12) Memory and Preset button (PRESET)
- (13) One-Touch button (ONE-TOUCH)
- (14) High power button (Hi-POWER)
- 15 Economy button (ECO)
- (16) Quiet button (QUIET)
- (17) Comfort sleep button (COMFORT SLEEP)
- (18) Filter reset button (FILTER)
- (19) Set clock button (CLOCK)
- 20 Check button (CHECK)
- (21) Reset button (RESET)



Note:

- The provided Remote Controller is a wireless type, which also can be used as a wire.
 Please see "How to Connect The Remote Controller for Wired Operation", located in installation instruction, in case of wired control is required.
- In wire operation, remote controller will return to initial condition (PRESET, TIMER and CLOCK will return to initial condition) when user shutdown power supply of Air conditioner.

9-4-2. Operation of remote control

1. ONE-TOUCH

Press the "ONE-TOUCH" button for fully automated operation that is customised to the typical consumer preferences in your region of the world. The coutomised settings control temperature air flow strength, air flow direction and other settings to provide you alternate contact with "ONE-TOUCH" OF THE BUTTON. If you prefer other settings you can select from the many other operation functions of your Toshiba unit

Press ONE-TOUCH: Start the operation.

2. AUTOMATIC OPERATION

To automatically select cooling, heating, or fan only operation.

1. Press MODE : Select A.

2. Press MODE : Set the desired temperature.

3. COOLING / HEATING / FAN ONLY OPERATION

To automatically select cooling, heating, or fan only operation.

- 1. Press MODE : Select Cool �; Heat ♠, or Fan only �.
- 2. Press MODE : Set the desired temperature.

Cooling: Min. 17°C, Heating: Max, 30°C, Fan Only: No temperature indication

3. Press FAN: Select AUTO, LOW _, LOW+ _, MED _, MED+_, or HIGH ____.

4. DRY OPERATION (COOLING ONLY)

For dehumidification, a moderate cooling performance is controlled automatically.

1. Press ● MODE : Select Dry 🖄 .

2. Press MODE : Set the desired temperature.

5. Hi-POWER OPERATION

To automatically control room temperature and airflow for faster cooling or heating operation (except in DRY and FAN ONLY mode)

Press HI-POWER: Start and stop the operation.

6. ECO OPERATION

To automatically control room to save energy (except in DRY and FAN ONLY mode)

Press ECO: Start and stop the operation.

Note: Cooling operation; the set temperature will increase automatically 0.5 degree/ hour for 4 hours (maximum 2 degrees increase). For heating operation the set temperature will decrease.

7. TEMPORARY OPERATION

In case of the misplaced or discharged remote control

- Pressing the RESET button, the unit can start or stop without using the remote control.
- Operation mode is set on AUTOMATIC operation, preset temperature is 24°C and fan operation is automatic speed.

8. TIMER OPERATION

	Setting the ON Timer	Setting the OFF Timer		
1	Press Set the desired ON timer.	Press OFF: Set the desired OFF timer.		
2	Press SET : Set the timer	Press Set the timer.		
3	Press CLP : Cancel the timer	Press (CLP)		

Daily timer allows the user to set both the ON & OFF timers and will be activated on a daily basis.

Setting Daily Timer

1	Press : Set the ON timer.	3	Press SET.
2	Press OFF : Set the OFF timer.	4	Press button during the (1 or ↓) mark flashing.

During the daily timer is activation, both arrows ([↑] or [↓]) are indicated.

Note:

- Keep the remote control in accessible transmission to the indoor unit; otherwise, the time lag of up to 15 minutes will occur.
- The setting will be saved for the next same operation.

9. PRESET OPERATION

Set your preferred operation for future use. The setting will be memorized by the unit for future operation (except air flow direction).

- 1. Select your preferred operation.
- 2. Press and hold PRESET for 3 seconds to memorize the setting. The p mark displays.
- 3. Press PRESET: Operate the preset operation.

10. AUTO RESTART OPERATION

To automatically restart the conditioner after the power failure (Power of the unit must be on.)

Setting

- Press and hold the RESET button on the indoor unit for 3 seconds to set the operation. (3 beep sound and OPERATION lamp blink 5 time/sec for 5 secpmds)
 - Do not operate ON timer and OFF timer.
- 2. Press and hold the RESET button on the indoor unit for 3 seconds to cancel the operation. (3 beep sound but OPERATION lamp does not blink)

11. QUIET OPERATION

To operate at super low fan speed for quiet operation (except in DRY mode)

Press QUIET: Start and stop the operation.

Note: Under certain conditions, QUIET operation may not provide adequate cooling or heating due to low sound features.

12. COMFORT SLEEP OPERATION

To save energy while sleeping, automatically control air flow and automatically turn OFF.

Press COMFORT SLEEP: Select 1, 3, 5 or 9 hrs for OFF timer operation.

Note: The cooling operation, the set temperature will increase automatically 0.5 degree/hour for 4 hours (maximum 2 degrees increase). For heating operation, the set temperature will decrease.

9-4-3. Name and Funcions of Indications on Remote Controller

All indications, except for the clock time indicator, are displayed by pressing the $\mathbf{\Phi}$ button.

1. Transmission mark

This transmission mark ▲ indicates when the remote controller transmits signals to the indoor unit.

2. Mode indicator

3. Temperature indicator

Indicates the temperature setting. (17°C to 30°C)

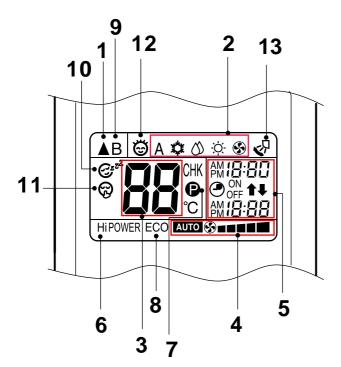
4. FAN speed indicator

Indicates the selected fan speed.

AUTO or five fan speed levels

(LOW _ , LOW+ _ _ , MED _ _ _ , MED+ _ _ _ , HIGH _ _ _ _) can be shown.

Indicate Auto will be appear with Dry operation $(\circlearrowleft : Dry)$ only.



5. TIMER and clock time indicator

The time setting for timer operation or the clock time is indicated.

The current time is always indicated except during TIMER operation.

6. Hi-POWER indicator

Indicates when the Hi-POWER operation starts. Press the Hi-POWER button to start and press it again to stop the operation.

7. (PRESET) indicator

Flashes for 3 seconds when the PRESET button is pressed during operation.

The p mark is shown when holding down the button for more than 3 seconds while the mark is blinks.

Press another button to turn off the mark.

8. ECO indicator

Indicates when the ECO is in activated.

Press the ECO button to start and press it again to stop operation.

9. A, B change indicator remote controller

When the remote controller switching function is set, "B" appears in the remote controller display. (When the remote controller setting is "A", there is no indication at this position.)

10. Comfort sleep

Indicates when comfort sleep is activaled. Press comfort sleep button to selectter

11. Quiet

Indicates when quiet is activated.

Press quiet button to start and press it again to stop operation.

12. One-Touch

Indicates when one touch comfort is activated. Press one-touch button to start the operation.

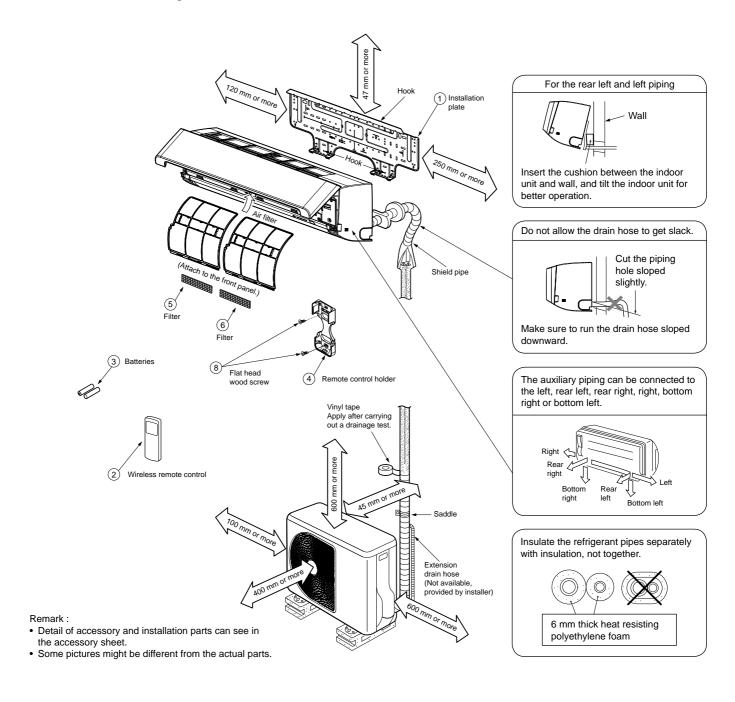
13. Swing

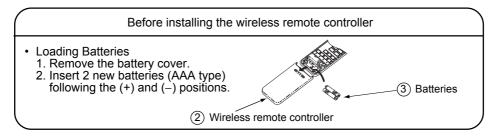
Indicates when louver is swing.

Press swing button to start the swing operation and press it again to stop the swing operation.

10. INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

10-1-1. Installation Diagram of Indoor and Outdoor Units





10-1-2. Optional installation parts

Part Code	Parts name	Q'ty
А	Refrigerant piping Liquid side: Ø6.35 mm Gas side: Ø9.52 mm	One each
В	Pipe insulating material (polyethylene foam, 6 mm thick)	1
С	Putty, PVC tapes	One each

<Fixing bolt arrangement of outdoor unit>

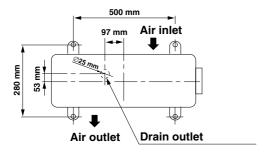


Fig. 9-1-2

- Secure the outdoor unit with fixing bolts and nuts if the unit is likely to be exposed to a strong wind.
- Use Ø 8 mm or Ø 10 mm anchor bolts and nuts.
- If it is necessary to drain the defrost water, attach drain nipple (1) and cap water proof (1) to the bottom plate of the outdoor unit before installing it.

10-1-3. Accessory and installation parts

Part No.	Part name (Q'ty)	Part No.	Part name (Q'ty)		Part name (Q'ty)		
1						7	
	Installation plate x 1		Remote control holder x 1		Mounting screw Ø4 x 25 ℓ x 6		
2		5		8	(X)		
	Wireless remote control x 1		Toshiba new IAQ filter x 1		Flat head wood screw Ø3.1 x 16 ℓ x 2		
3	3			9			
	Battery x 2		Toshiba new IAQ filter x 1		Drain nipple* x 1		
Others Name Owner's manual				(10)			
	Installation manual				Cap water proof x 2		

The part marked with asterisk (*) is packaged with the outdoor unit.

10-1-4. Installation/Servicing Tools

<Changes in the product and components>

In the case of an air conditioner using R410A, in order to prevent any other refrigerant from being charged accidentally, the service port diameter of the outdoor unit control valve (3 way valve) has been changed. (1/2 UNF 20 threads per inch)

• In order to increase the pressure resisting strength of the refrigerant piping, flare processing diameter and size of opposite side of flare nuts has been changed. (for copper pipes with nominal dimensions 1/2 and 5/8)

New tools for R410A

New tools for R410A	Applicable to R22 model		Changes
Gauge manifold	×		As pressure is high, it is impossible to measure by means of conventional gauge. In order to prevent any other refrigerant from being charged, each port diameter has been changed.
Charge hose	×	\$\forall \(\forall \)	In order to increase pressure resisting strength, hose materials and port size have been changed (to 1/2 UNF 20 threads per inch). When purchasing a charge hose, be sure to confirm the port size.
Electronic balance for refrigerant charging	0		As pressure is hight and gasification speed is fast, it is difficult to read the indicated value by means of charging cylinder, as air bubbles occur.
Torque wrench (nominal diam. 1/2, 5/8)	×		The size of opposite sides of flare nuts have been increased. Incidentally, a common wrench is used for nominal diameters 1/4 and 3/8.
Flare tool (clutch type)	0		By increasing the clamp bar's receiving hole, strength of spring in the tool has been improved.
Gauge for projection adjustment			Used when flare is made by using conventional flare tool.
Vacuum pump adapter	0		Connected to conventional vacuum pump. It is necessary to use an adapter to prevent vacuum pump oil from flowing back to the charge hose. The charge hose connecting part has two ports-one for conventional refrigerant (7/16 UNF 20 threads per inch) and one for R410A. If the vacuum pump oil (mineral) mixes with R410A a sludge may occur and damage the equipment.
Gas leakage detector	×	***	Exclusive for HFC refrigerant.

- Incidentally, the "refrigerant cylinder" comes with the refrigerant designation (R410A) and protector coating in the U. S's ARI specified rose color (ARI color code: PMS 507).
- Also, the "charge port and packing for refrigerant cylinder" require 1/2 UNF 20 threads per inch corresponding to the charge hose's port size.

10-2. Indoor Unit

10-2-1. Installation place

- A place which provides the spaces around the indoor unit as shown in the above diagram.
- A place where there is no obstacle near the air inlet and outlet.
- A place that allows easy installation of the piping to the outdoor unit.
- A place which allows the front panel to be opened.
- The indoor unit shall be installed as top of the indoor unit comes to at least 2 m height.
 Also, it must be avoided to put anything on the top of the indoor unit.

CAUTION

- Direct sunlight to the indoor unit's wireless receiver should be avoided.
- The microprocessor in the indoor unit should not be too close to RF noise sources.
 (For details, see the owner's manual.)

<Remote control>

- A place where there are no obstacles such as a curtain that may block the signal from the indoor unit.
- Do not install the remote control in a place exposed to direct sunlight or close to a heating source, such as a stove.
- Keep the remote control at least 1 m apart from the nearest TV set or stereo equipment. (This is necessary to prevent image disturbances or noise interference.)
- The location of the remote control should be determined as shown below.

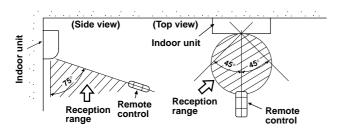


Fig. 10-2-1

10-2-2. Cutting a hole and mounting installation plate

<Cutting a hole>

When installing the refrigerant pipes from the rear.

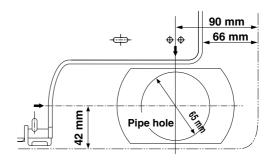


Fig. 10-2-2

 After determining the pipe hole position on the mounting plate (→), drill the pipe hole (Ø65 mm) at a slight downward slant to the outdoor side.

NOTE:

 When drilling a wall that contains a metal lath, wire lath or metal plate, be sure to use a pipe hole brim ring sold separately.

<Mounting the installation plate>

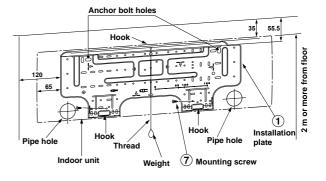


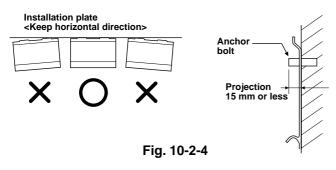
Fig. 10-2-3

<When the installation plate is directly mounted on the wall>

- 1. Securely fit the installation plate onto the wall by screwing it in the upper and lower parts to hook up the indoor unit.
- 2. To mount the installation plate on a concrete wall with anchor bolts, utilize the anchor bolt holes as illustrated in the above figure.
- 3. Install the installation plate horizontally in the wall.

CAUTION

When installing the installation plate with a mounting screw, do not use the anchor bolt hole. Otherwise the unit may fall down and result in personal injury and property damage.



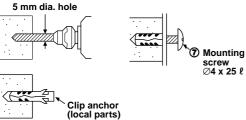


Fig. 10-2-5

CAUTION

Failure to firmly install the unit may result in personal injury and property damage if the unit falls.

- In case of block, brick, concrete or similar type walls, make 5 mm dia. holes in the wall.
- Insert clip anchors for appropriate mounting screws
 7.

NOTE:

 Secure four corners and lower parts of the installation plate with 4 to 6 mounting screws to install it.

10-2-3. Electrical work

- 1. The supply voltage must be the same as the rated voltage of the air conditioner.
- 2. Prepare the power source for exclusive use with the air conditioner.

NOTE

• Wire type: More than H07RN-F or 60245 IEC66 (1.5 mm² or more).

CAUTION

- This appliance can be connected to the mains in either of the following two ways.
 - (1) Connection to fixed wiring: A switch or circuit breaker which disconnects all poles and has a contact separation of at least 3 mm must be incorporate in the fixed wiring. An approved circuit breaker or switches must used.
 - (2) Connection with power supply plug: Attach power supply plug with power cord and plug it into wall outlet. An approved power supply cord and plug must be used.

NOTE:

Perform wiring works so as to allow a general wiring capacity.

10-2-4. Wiring connection

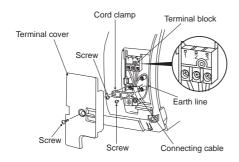
<How to connect the connecting cable>

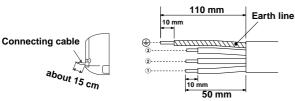
Wiring of the connecting cable can be carried out without removing of the front panel.

- Remove the air inlet grille.
 Open the air inlet grille upward and pull it toward you.
- 2. Remove the terminal cover and cord clamp.
- 3. Insert the connecting cable (according to the local cords) into the pipe hole on the wall.
- 4. Take out the connecting cable through the cable slot on the rear panel so that it protrudes about 15 cm from the front.
- 5. Insert the connecting cable fully into the terminal block and secure it tightly with screws.
- 6. Tightening torque: 1.2 N·m (0.12 kgf·m)
- 7. Secure the connecting cable with the cord clamp.
- 8. Fix the terminal cover, rear plate bushing and air inlet grille on the indoor unit.

CAUTION

- Be sure to refer to the wiring system diagram labeled inside the front panel.
- Check local electrical cords and also any specific wiring instructions or limitations.





Stripping length of the connecting cable

NOTE:

- · Use stranded wire only.
- Wire type: More than H07RN-F or 60245 IEC66 (1.0 mm² or more).

<How to install the air inlet grille on the indoor unit>

 When attaching the air inlet grille, the contrary of the removed operation is performed.



10-2-5. Piping and drain hose installation

<Piping and Drain Hose Forming>

* Since dewing results in a machine trouble, make sure to insulate both the connecting pipes. (Use polyethylene foam as insulating material.)

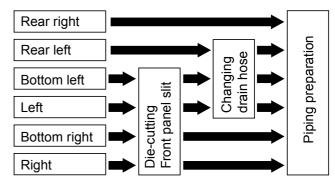


Fig. 10-2-8

1. Die-cutting Front panel slit

Cut out the slit on the leftward or right side of the front panel for the left or right connection and the slit on the bottom left or right side of the front panel for the bottom left or right connection with a pair of nippers.

2. Changing drain hose

For leftward connection, bottom-leftward connection and rearleftward connection's piping, it is necessary to change the drain hose and drain cap.

<How to remove the Drain Cap>

Clip the drain cap by needle-nose pliers and pull out.

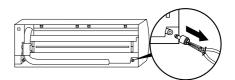
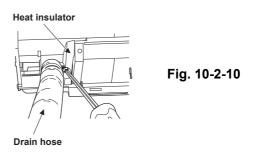


Fig. 10-2-9

<How to remove the drain hose>

- The drain hose can be removed by removing the screw securing the drain hose and then pulling out the drain hose.
- When removing the drain hose, be careful of any sharp edges of steel plate. The edges can injuries.
- To install the drain hose, insert the drain hose firmly until the connection part contacts with heat insulator, and the secure it with original screw.



<How to fix the Drain Cap>

1) Insert hexago wrench (4 mm) in a center head.

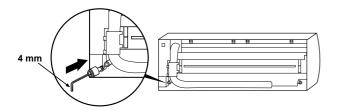


Fig. 10-2-11

2) Firmly insert drain cap.

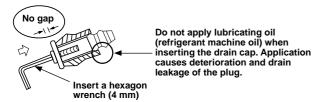


Fig. 10-2-12

CAUTION

Firmly insert the drain hose and drain cap; otherwise, water may leak.

<In case of right or left piping>

 After scribing slits of the front panel with a knife or a making-off pin, cut them with a pair of nippers or an equivalent tool.

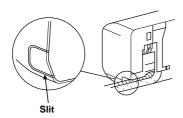


Fig. 10-2-13

<In case of bottom right or bottom left piping>

 After scribing slits of the front panel with a knife or a making-off pin, cut them with a pair of nippers or an equivalent tool.

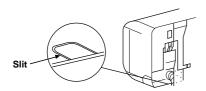


Fig. 10-2-14

<Left-hand connection with piping>

Bend the connecting pipe so that it is laid within 43 mm above the wall surface. If the connecting pipe is laid exceeding 43 mm above the wall surface, the indoor unit may unstably be set on the wall. When bending the connecting pipe, make sure to use a spring bender so as not to crush the pipe.

Bend the connection pipe within a radius of 30 mm.

To connect the pipe after installation of the unit (figure)

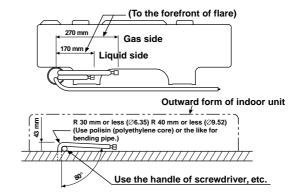


Fig. 10-2-15

NOTE:

If the pipe is bent incorrectly, the indoor unit may unstably be set on the wall.

After passing the connecting pipe through the pipe hole, connect the connecting pipe to the auxiliary pipes and wrap the facing tape around them.

CAUTION

 Bind the auxiliary pipes (two) and connecting cable with facing tape tightly. In case of leftward piping and rear-leftward piping, bind the auxiliary pipes (two) only with facing tape.

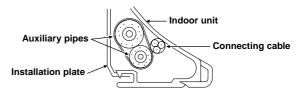


Fig.10-2-16

- Carefully arrange pipes so that any pipe does not stick out of the rear plate of the indoor unit.
- Carefully connect the auxiliary pipes and connecting pipes to each other and cut off the insulating tape wound on the connecting pipe to avoid double-taping at the joint, moreover, seal the joint with the vinyl tape, etc.
- Since dewing results in a machine trouble, make sure to insulate both the connecting pipes. (Use polyethylene foam as insulating material.)
- When bending a pipe, carefully do it not to crush it.

10-2-6. Indoor unit fixing

- 1. Pass the pipe through the hole in the wall, and hook the indoor unit on the installation plate at the upper hooks
- 2. Swing the indoor unit to right and left to confirm that it is firmly hooked up on the installation plate.
- 3. While pressing the indoor unit onto the wall, hook it at the lower part on the installation plate. Pull the indoor unit toward you to confirm that it is firmly hooked up on the installation plate.

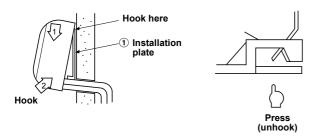


Fig. 10-2-17

 For detaching the indoor unit from the installation plate, pull the indoor unit toward you while pushing its bottom up at the specified parts.

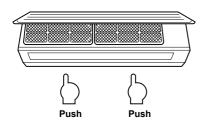


Fig. 10-2-18

10-2-7. Drainage

1. Run the drain hose sloped downwards.

NOTE

• Hole should be made at a slight downward slant on the outdoor side.

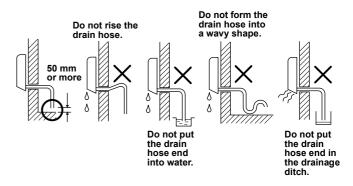


Fig. 10-2-19

- 2. Put water in the drain pan and make sure that the water is drained out of doors.
- When connecting extension drain hose, insulate the connecting part of extension drain hose with shield pipe.

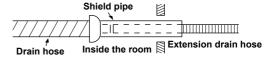


Fig. 10-2-20

CAUTION

Arrange the drain pipe for proper drainage from the

Improper drainage can result in dew-dropping.

This air conditioner has the structure designed to drain water collected from dew, which forms on the back of the indoor unit, to the drain pan.

Therefore, do not store the power cord and other parts at a height above the drain guide.

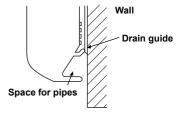


Fig. 10-2-21

10-3. Outdoor Unit

10-3-1. Installation place

- A place which provides the spaces around the outdoor unit as shown in the left diagram.
- A place which can bear the weight of the outdoor unit and does not allow an increase in noise level and vibration.
- A place where the operation noise and discharged air do not disturb users neighbors.
- A place which is not exposed to a strong wind.
- A place free of a leakage of combustible gases.
- · A place which does not block a passage.
- When the outdoor unit is to be installed in an elevated position, be sure to secure its feet.
- An allowable length of the connecting pipe is up 10 m.
- An allowable height level is up to 8 m.
- A place where the drain water does not raise any problem.

CAUTION

- 1. Install the outdoor unit without anything blocking the air discharging.
- When the outdoor unit is installed in a place exposed always exposed to strong wind like a coast or on a high storey of a building, secure the normal fan operation using a duct or a wind shield.
- 3. In particularly windy areas, install the unit such as to avoid admission of wind.
- 4. Installation in the following places may result in trouble.

Do not install the unit in such places.

- A place full of machine oil.
- A saline-place such as the coast.
- · A place full of sulfide gas.
- A place where high-frequency waves are likely to be generated as from audio equipment, welders, and medical equipment.

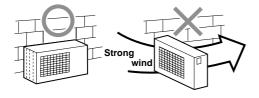


Fig. 10-3-1

10-3-2. Refrigerant piping connection

<Flaring>

1. Cut the pipe with a pipe cutter.

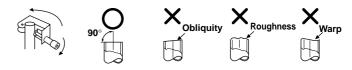


Fig. 10-3-2

- 2. Insert a flare nut into the pipe, and flare the pipe.
 - Projection margin in flaring : A (Unit : mm)

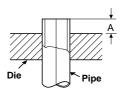


Fig. 10-3-3

Rigid (Clutch type)

Outer dia. of copper pipe	R410A tool used	Conventional tool used	
Ø 6.35	0 to 0.5	1.0 to 1.5	
Ø 9.52	0 to 0.5	1.0 to 1.5	

Imperial (wing nut type)

Outer dia. of copper pipe	R410A	
Ø 6.35	1.5 to 2.0	
Ø 9.52	1.5 to 2.0	

<Tightening connection>

Align the centers of the connecting pipes and tighten the flare nut as far as possible with your fingers. Then tighten the nut with a spanner and torque wrench as shown in the figure.

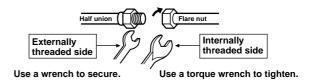


Fig. 10-3-4

CAUTION

- Do not apply excess torque.
- Otherwise, the nut may crack depending on the conditions.

Outer dia. of copper pipe		Tightening torque
	Ø6.35 mm	16 to 18 (1.6 to 1.8 kgf·m)
	Ø9.52 mm	30 to 42 (3.0 to 4.2 kgf·m)

Tightening torque of flare pipe connections

The operating pressure of R410A is higher than that of R22. (Approx. 1.6 times).

It is therefore necessary to firmly tighten the flare pipe connecting sections (which connect the indoor and outdoor units) up to the specified tightening torque. Incorrect connections may cause not only a gas leakage, but also damage to the refrigerant cycle.

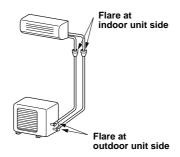


Fig. 10-3-5

<Shaping pipes>

- 1. How to shape the pipes Shape the pipes along the incused line on the outdoor unit.
- 2. How to fit position of the pipes Put the edges of the pipes to the place with a distance of 85 mm from the incused line.

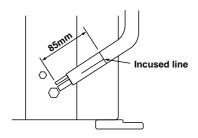


Fig. 10-3-6

10-3-3. Evacuating

After the piping has been connected to the indoor unit, you can perform the air purge together at once.

AIR PURGE

Evacuate the air in the connecting pipes and in the indoor unit using a vacuum pump. Do not use the refrigerant in the outdoor unit. For details, see the manual of the vacuum pump.

(Unit: Nám) < Using a vacuum pump>

Be sure to use a vacuum pump with counter-flow prevention function so that inside oil of the pump does not flow backward into pipes of the air conditioner when the pump stops. (If oil inside of the vacuum pump enters into the air conditioner, which use R410A, refrigeration cycle trouble may result.)

- 1. Connect the charge hose from the manifold valve to the service port of the gas side packed valve.
- 2. Connect the charge hose to the port of the vacuum pump.
- 3. Open fully the low pressure side handle of the gauge manifold valve.
- 4. Operate the vacuum pump to start evacuating. Perform evacuating for about 15 minutes if the piping length is 20 meters. (15 minutes for 20 meters) (assuming a pump capacity of 27 liters per minute. Then confirm that the compound pressure gauge reading is -101 kPa (-76 cmHg).
- 5. Close the low pressure side valve handle of gauge manifold.
- 6. Open fully the valve stem of the packed valves (both side of Gas and Liquid).
- 7. Remove the charging hose from the service port.
- 8. Securely tighten the caps on the packed valves.

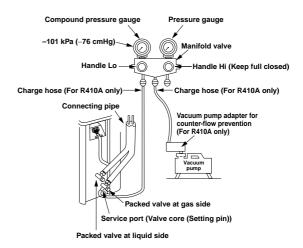


Fig.10-3-7

CAUTION

• KEEP IMPORTANT 5 POINTS FOR PIPING WORK

- (1) Take away dust and moisture (Inside of the connecting pipes.)
- (2) Tight connection (between pipes and unit)
- (3) Evacuate the air in the connecting pipes using VACUUM PUMP.
- (4) Check gas leak (connected points)
- (5) Be save to fully open the packed valves before operation.

<Packed valve handling precautions>

 Open the valve stem all the way out, but do not try to open it beyond the stopper.

Pipe size of Packed Valve	Size of Hexagon wrench		
12.70 mm and smallers	A = 4 mm		
15.88 mm	A = 5 mm		

Securely tighten the valve cap with torque in the following table

Сар	Cap Size (H)	Torque	
Valve Rod	H17 - H19	14~18 N.m (1.4 to 1.8 kgf⋅m)	
Cap	H22 - H30	33~42 N.m (3.3 to 4.2 kgf⋅m)	
Service Port Cap	H14	8~12 N.m (0.8 to 1.2 kgf⋅m)	
	H17	14~18 N.m (1.4 to 1.8 kgf⋅m)	

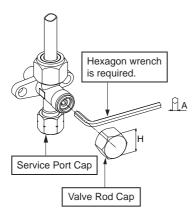


Fig. 10-4-8

10-4-5. Wiring connection

- 1. Remove the valve cover from the outdoor unit.
- 2. Connect the connecting cable to the terminals as identified with their respective matched numbers on the terminal block of indoor and outdoor unit.
- 3. When connecting the connecting cable to the outdoor unit terminals, make a loop as shown in the installation diagram of indoor and outdoor unit to prevent water coming in the outdoor unit.
- 4. Insulate the unused cords (conductors) from any water coming in the outdoor unit. Proceed them so that they do not touch any electrical or metal parts.

<Stripping length of the connecting cable>

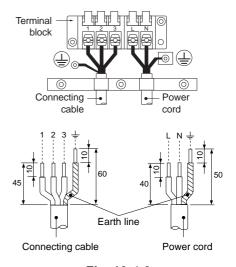


Fig. 10-4-9

Power source	50Hz, 220 - 240V Single phase 60Hz, 220V Single phase			
Maximum running current	5.0A			
Circuit breaker	6.5A			
Power cord	H07RN-F or 60245 IEC66 (1.5 mm ² or more)			

CAUTION

- Wrong wiring connection may cause some electrical parts burn out.
- Be sure to comply with local cords on running the wire from indoor unit to outdoor unit (size of wire and wiring method, etc.).
- Every wire must be connected firmly.
- This installation circuit breaker must be used specified for the power supply line of this air conditioner.
- If incorrect or incomplete wiring is carried out, it will cause an ignition or smoke.
- Prepare the power supply for exclusive use with the air conditioner.
- This product can be connected to the mains.
 Connection to fixed wiring: A switch which disconnects all poles and has a contact separation of at least 3 mm must be incorporated in the fixed wiring

NOTE: Connecting cable

 Wire type: More than H07RN-F or 60245 IEC66 (1.0 mm² or more).

10-5. Others

10-5-1. Gas leak test

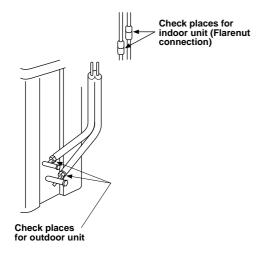


Fig. 10-5-1

 Check the flare nut connections for the gas leak with a gas leak detector or soap water.

10-5-2. Remote Control A-B Selection

- When two indoor units are installed in the same room or adjacent two rooms, if operating a unit, two units may receive the remote control signal simultaneously and operate. In this case, the operation can be preserved by setting either one remote control to B setting. (Both are set to A setting in factory shipment.)
- The remote control signal is not received when the settings of indoor unit and remote control are different.
- There is no relation between A setting/B setting and A room/B room when connecting the piping and cables.

<Remote control A-B selection>

To separate using of remote control for each indoor unit in case of 2 air conditioners are installed nearly.

<Remote Control B Setup>

- Press [RESET] button on the indoor unit to turn the air conditioner ON.
- 2. Point the remote control at the indoor unit.
- 3. Push and hold [CHECK] button on the Remote Control by the tip of the pencil. "00" will be shown on the display (Picture ①)
- 4. Press [MODE] during pushing [CHECK]. "B" will show on the display and "00" will disappear and the air conditioner will turn OFF. The Remote Control B is memorized [Picture ②).

NOTE : 1. Repeat above step to reset Remote Control to be A.

- 2. Remote Control A has not "A" display.
- Default setting of Remote Control from factory is A.



Fig. 10-5-2

10-5-3. Test operation

To switch the TEST RUN (COOL) mode, press RESET button for 10 sec. (The beeper will make a short beep.)

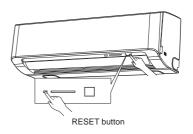


Fig. 10-5-3

10-5-4. Auto restart setting

This product is designed so that, after a power failure, it can restart automatically in the same operating mode as before the power failure.

Information

The product was shipped with Auto Restart function in the off position. Turn it on as required.

<How to set the auto restart>

- Press and hold the [RESET] button on the indoor unit 3 seconds to set the operation. (3 beep sound and OPERATION lamp blink 5 time/sec for 5 seconds)
- 2. Press and hold the [RESET] button on the indoor unit for 3 seconds to cancel the operation. (3 beep sound but OPERATION lamp does not blink)
 - In case of ON timer or OFF timer are set, AUTO RESTART OPERATION dose not activate.

11. HOW TO DIAGNOSE THE TROUBLE

The pulse motor circuits are mounted to both indoor and outdoor units. Therefore, diagnose troubles according to the trouble diagnosis procedure as described below. (Refer to the check points in servicing written on the wiring diagrams attached to the indoor/outdoor units.)

Table 11-1

No.	Troubleshooting Procedure			
1	First Confirmation			
2	Primary Judgment			
3	Judgment by Flashing LED of Indoor Unit			
4	Self-Diagnosis by Remote Controller			
5	Judgment of Trouble by Every Symptom			

No.	Troubleshooting Procedure				
6	How to Check Simply the Main Parts				
7	Troubleshooting				
8	How to Diagnose Trouble in Outdoor Unit				
9	How to Check Simply the Main Parts				
10	How to Simply Judge Whether Outdoor Fan Motor is Good or Bad				

Precautions when handling the new inverter (3DV Inverter)

A CAUTION: HIGH VOLTAGEN

The high voltage circuit is incorporated.

Be careful to do the check service, as the electric shock may be caused in case of touching parts on the P.C. board by hand.

The new inverter (3DV inverter) will be incorporated starting with this unit.

(3DV: 3-shunt Discrete Vector control)

♦ The control circuitry has an uninsulated construction.

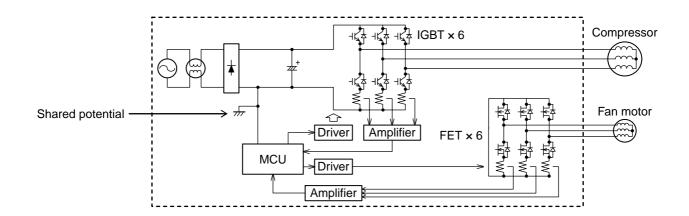


Fig. 11-1

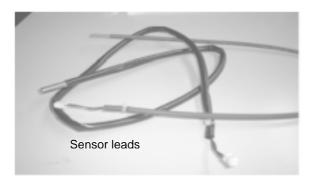
CAUTION

A high voltage (equivalent to the supply voltage) is also energized to ground through the sensors, PMV and other low-voltage circuits. The sensor leads and other wires are covered with insulated tubes for protection. Nevertheless, care must be taken to ensure that these wires are not pinched.

Take sufficient care to avoid directly touching any of the circuit parts without first turning off the power.

At times such as when the circuit board is to be replaced, place the circuit board assembly in a vertical position.

Laying the board flat on an electrically conductive object (such as the top panel of the air conditioner's outdoor unit) while a charge is still retained by the electrolytic capacitors of the inverter's main circuit may cause short-circuiting between the electrolytic capacitors and secondary circuit components and result in damage to the components.



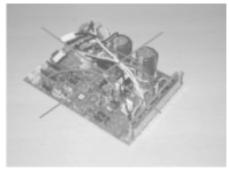


Fig. 11-2

Do NOT lay the circuit board assembly flat.

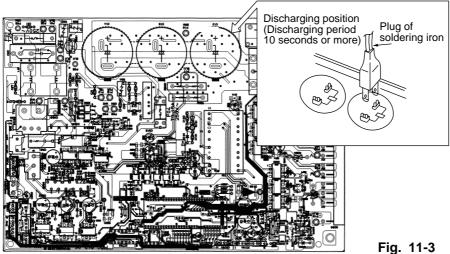
Precautions when inspecting the control section of the outdoor unit

NOTE:

A large-capacity electrolytic capacitor is used in the outdoor unit controller (inverter). Therefore, if the power supply is turned off, charge (charging voltage DC280 to 380V) remains and discharging takes a lot of time. After turning off the power source, if touching the charging section before discharging, an electrical shock may be caused. Discharge the electrolytic capacitor completely by using soldering iron, etc.

< Discharging method >

- 1. Remove the inverter cover (plating) by opening four mounting claws.
- 2. As shown below, connect the discharge resistance (approx. $100\Omega40W$) or plug of the soldering iron to voltage between + - terminals of the C14 ("CAUTION HIGH VOLTAGE" is indicated.) electrolytic capacitor $(500\mu F/400V \text{ or } 760\mu F/400V) \text{ on P.C. board, and then perform discharging.}$



Inverter cover P.C. board (Soldered surface)

11-1. First Confirmation

11-1-1. Confirmation of Power Supply

Confirm that the power breaker operates (ON) normally.

11-1-2. Confirmation of Power Voltage

Confirm that power voltage is AC 220–230–240 \pm 10%.

If power voltage is not in this range, the unit may not operate normally.

11-1-3. Operation Which is not a Trouble (Program Operation)

For controlling the air conditioner, the program operations are built in the microcomputer as described in the following table.

If a claim is made for running operation, check whether or not it meets to the contents in the following table. When it does, we inform you that it is not trouble of equipment, but it is indispensable for controlling and maintaining of air conditioner.

Table 11-1-1

No.	Operation of air conditioner	Description
1	When power breaker is turned "ON", the operation indicator (Green) of the indoor unit flashes.	The OPERATION lamp of the indoor unit flashes when power source is turned on. If [\circlearrowleft] button is operated once, flashing stops. (Flashes also in power failure)
2	Compressor may not operate even if the room temperature is within range of compressor-ON.	The compressor does not operate while compressor restart delay timer (3-minutes timer) operates. The same phenomenon is found after power source has been turned on because 3-minutes timer operates.
3	In Dry and ECO mode, FAN (air flow) display does not change even though FAN (air flow select) button is operated.	The air flow indication is fixed to [AUTO].
4	Increasing of compressor motor speed stops approx. 30 seconds after operation started, and then compressor motor speed increases again approx. 30 seconds after.	For smooth operation of the compressor, the compressor motor speed is restricted to Max. 41 rps for 2 minutes, and Max.91 rps for 2 minutes to 3 minutes, respectively after the operation has started.
5	In AUTO mode, the operation mode is changed.	After selecting Cool or Heat mode, select an operation mode again if the compressor keeps stop status for 15 minutes.
6	In HEAT mode, the compressor motor speed does not increase up to the maximum speed or decreases before the temperature arrives at the set temperature.	The compressor motor speed may decrease by high-temp. release control (Release protective operation by tempup of the indoor heat exchanger) or current release control.

11-2. Primary Judgment

To diagnose the troubles, use the following methods.

- 1) Judgment by flashing LED of indoor unit
- 2) Self-diagnosis by service check remote controller
- 3) Judgment of trouble by every symptom

Firstly use the method 1) for diagnosis. Then, use the method 2) or 3) to diagnose the details of troubles.

11-3. Judgment by Flashing LED of Indoor Unit

While the indoor unit monitors the operation status of the air conditioner, if the protective circuit operates, the contents of self-diagnosis are displayed with block on the indoor unit indication section.

Table 11-3-1

	Item	Check code	Block display	Description for self-diagnosis
Indoor indication lamp flashes.	A		OPERATION (Green) Flashing display (1 Hz)	Power failure (when power is ON)
Which lamp does flash?	В		OPERATION (Green) Flashing display (5 Hz)	Protective circuit operation for indoor P.C. board
•	С		OPERATION (Green) TIMER (Yellow) Flashing display (5 Hz)	Protective circuit operation for connecting cable and serial signal system
	D		OPERATION (Green) FILTER (Orange) Flashing display (5 Hz)	Protective circuit operation for outdoor P.C. board
	E		OPERATION (Green) TIMER (Yellow) FILTER (Orange) Flashing display (5 Hz)	Protective circuit operation for others (including compressor)

NOTES:

- 1. The contents of items B and C and a part of item E are displayed when air conditioner operates.
- 2. When item B and C, and item B and a part of item E occur concurrently, priority is given to the block of item B.
- 3. The check codes can be confirmed on the remote controller for servicing.

11-4. Self-Diagnosis by Remote Controller (Check Code)

- 1. If the lamps are indicated as shown B to E in Table 11-3-1, execute the self-diagnosis by the remote controller.
- 2. When the remote controller is set to the service mode, the indoor controller diagnoses the operation condition and indicates the information of the self-diagnosis on the display of the remote controller with the check codes. If a fault is detected, all lamps on the indoor unit will flash at 5Hz and it will beep for 10 seconds (Beep, Beep, Beep ...). The timer lamp usually flashes (5Hz) during self-diagnosis.

11-4-1. How to Use Remote Controller in Service Mode

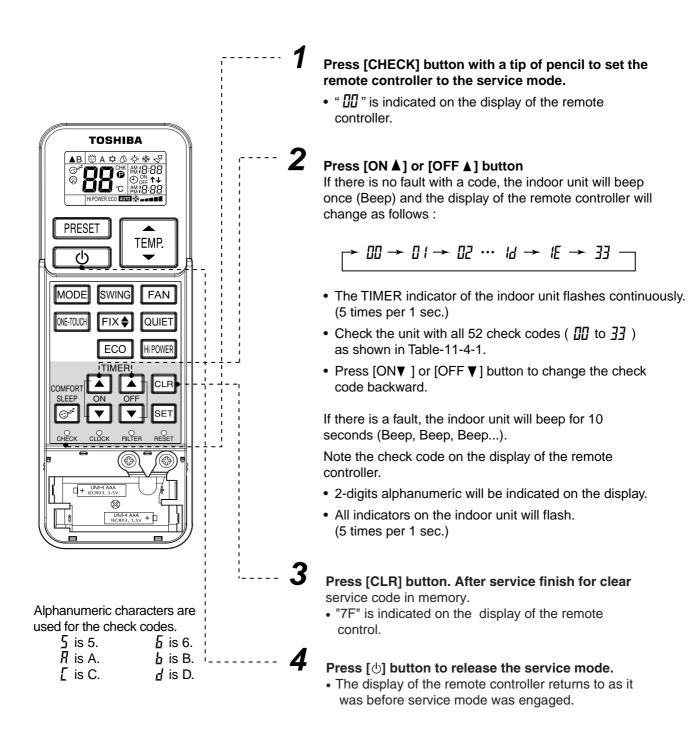


Fig. 11-4-1

11-4-2. Caution at Servicing

- 1. After servicing, press the [\circlearrowleft] button to return to the normal mode.
- 2. After servicing by the check code, turn off breaker of the power supply, and turn on breaker of the power supply again so that memory in the microcomputer returns the initial status.
 - However, the check codes are not deleted even if the power supply is turned off because they are stored in the fixed memory.
- 3. After servicing, press [CLR] button under check mode status and then send the check code "7F" to the indoor unit. The error code stored in memory is cleared.

Table 11-4-1

Block o	listinction		Operation of diagno	osis function	1	
Check code	Block		Cause of operation	Air conditioner status	Remarks	Judgment and action
	Indoor P.C. board etc.		Short-circuit or disconnection of the room temperature sensor (TA sensor).	Operation continues.	Displayed when error is detected.	Check the room temp. sensor. When the room temp. sensor is normal, check P.C. board.
			Being out of place, disconnection, short- circuit, or migration of heat exchanger sensor (TC sensor)	Operation continues.	Displayed when error is detected.	Check heat exchanger sensor. When heat exchanger sensor is normal, check P.C. board.
	11		Lock of indoor fan or trouble on the indoor fan circuit	All off	Displayed when error is detected.	Check the motor. When the motor is normal, check P.C. board.
	Not displayed		Trouble on other indoor P.C. boards	Operation continues.	Displayed when error is detected.	Replace P.C. board.
	Connecting cable and serial signal		Return serial signal is not sent to indoor side from operation started. 1) Defective wiring of connecting cable 2) Operation of compressor thermo Gas shortage Gas leak	Operation continues.	Flashes when trouble is detected on Return serial signal, and normal status when signal is reset.	1. When the outdoor unit never operate: 1) Check connecting cable, and correct if defective wiring. 2) Check 25A fuse of inverter P.C. board. 3) Check 3.15A of inverter P.C. board. 2. To display [Other] block during operation, check compressor thermo. operation and supply gas (check gas leak also). 3. Unit operates normally during check. If return serial signal does not stop between indoor terminal 2 and 3, replace inverter P.C. board. If signal stops between indoor terminal 2 and 3, replace indoor P.C. board.

Block d	istinction		Operation of diagn	osis functio	n	
Check code	Block	Check code	Cause of operation	Air conditioner status	Remarks	Judgment and action
	Outdoor P.C. board	11-1	Inverter over-current protective circuit operates. (Short time)	All off	Displayed when error is detected.	Even if trying operation again, all operations stop immediately.: Replace P.C. board.
		15	Position-detect circuit error or short-circuit between windings of compressor	All off	Displayed when error is detected.	Even if connecting lead wire of compressor is removed, position-detect circuit error occurred.: Replace P.C. board. Measure resistance between wires of compressor, and perform short-circuit.: Replace compressor.
		17	Current-detect circuit error	All off	Displayed when error is detected.	Even if trying operation again, all operations stop immediately. : Replace P.C. board.
		追	Being out of place, disconnection or short- circuit of the outdoor heat exchanger sensor (TE) or suction temp. sensor (Ts)	All off	Displayed when error is detected.	Check sensors (TE, TS). Check P.C. board.
			Disconnection or short- circuit of discharge temp. sensor	All off	Displayed when error is detected.	Check discharge temp. sensor (TD). Check P.C. board
		117	Outdoor fan drive system error	All off	Displayed when error is detected.	Position-detect error, over-current protective operation of outdoor fan drive system, fan lock, etc.: Replace P.C. board or fan motor.
	Not displayed	造	Outdoor heat exchanger temp. sensor error	Operation continues		Check outdoor temp. sensor (TO). Check P.C. board.
	Outdoor P.C. board		Compressor drive output error, Compressor error (lock, missing, etc.), Break down	All off	Displayed when error is detected.	When 20 seconds passed after start-up, position-detect circuit error occurred. : Replace compressor. Trouble on P.M.V.
	Others (including compressor)		Return serial signal has been sent when operation started, but it is not sent from halfway. 1) Compressor thermo. operation Gas shortage Gas leak 2) Instantaneous power failure	Operation continues	Flashes when trouble is detected on return serial signal, and normal status when signal is reset.	1. Repeat Start and Stop with interval of approx. 10 to 40 minutes. (Code is not displayed during operation.) Supply gas. (Check also gas leak). 2. Unit operates normally during check. If return serial signal does not stop between indoor terminal block 2 and 3, replace inverter P.C. board. If signal stops between indoor terminal block 2 and 3, replace indoor P.C. board.
		14	Compressor does not rotate. (Current protective circuit does not operate when a specified time passed after compressor had been activated.)	All off	Displayed when error is detected.	Trouble on compressor Trouble on wiring of compressor (Missed phase)
		Æ	Discharge temp. exceeded 117°C	All off	Displayed when error is detected.	Check dischage temp. sensor (TD). Gas leakage Trouble on P.M.V.
		1;=	Break down of compressor	All off	Displayed when error is detected.	Check power voltage. (220–230–240 V +10%) Overload operation of refrigeration cycle Check installation condition (Short-circuit of outdoor diffuser).
			4-way valve inverse error (TC sensor value lowered during heating operation.)	Operation continues		Check 4-way valve operation.

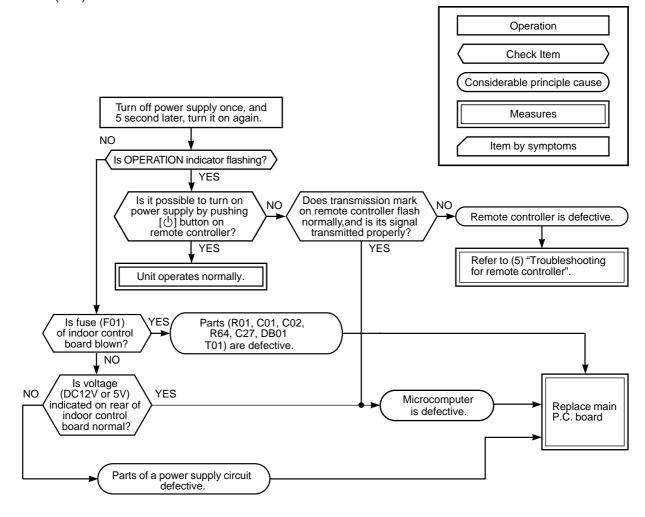
11-5. Judgment of Trouble by Every Symptom

11-5-1. Indoor Unit (Including Remote Controller)

(1) Power is not turned on (Does not operate entirely)

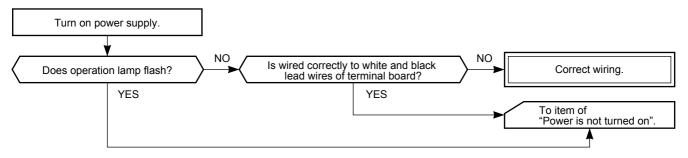
<Primary check>

- 1. Is the supply voltage normal?
- 2. Is the normal voltage provided to the outdoor unit?
- 3. Is the crossover cable connected properly?
- 4. Is the fuse (F01) blown?



 Be sure to disconnect the motor connector CN31 after shut off the power supply, or it will be a cause of damage of the motor.

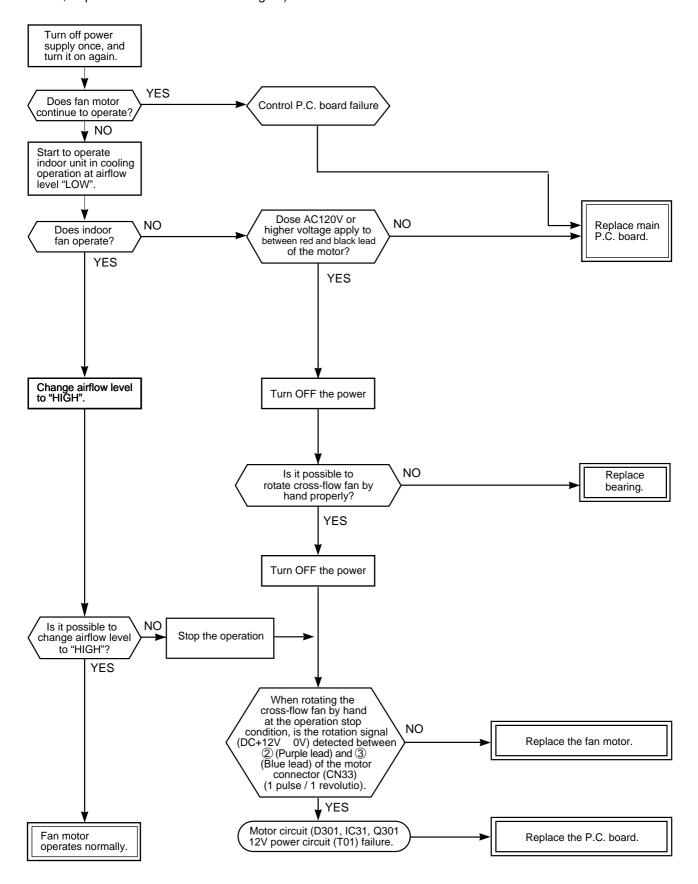
(2) Power is not turned on though Indoor P.C. board is replaced <Confirmation procedure>



(3) Only the indoor motor fan does not operate

<Primary check>

- 1. Is it possible to detect the power supply voltage (AC220–240V) between ① and ② on the terminal block?
- 2. Does the indoor fan motor operate in cooling operation?
 (In heating operation, the indoor fan motor does not operate for approximately 10 minutes after it is turned on, to prevent a cold air from blowing in.)



(4) Indoor fan motor automatically starts to rotate by turning on power supply

<Inspection procedure>

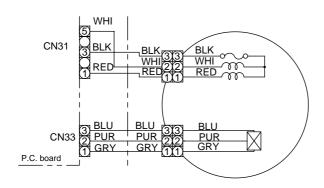
- 1. Remove the front panel. (Remove 2 screws.)
- 2. Remove the cover of the fan motor lead wires.
- 3. Check AC voltage with CN31 connector while the fan motor is rotating.

NOTE:

- Using a tester, measure the resistance value of each winding coil.
- Use a thin test rod.

AFN-220-20-4D

- Do not disconnect the connector while the fan motor is rotating.
- For P.C. board side, proceed to the item "Only indoor fan does not operate" of "Judgment of Trouble by Every Symptom".

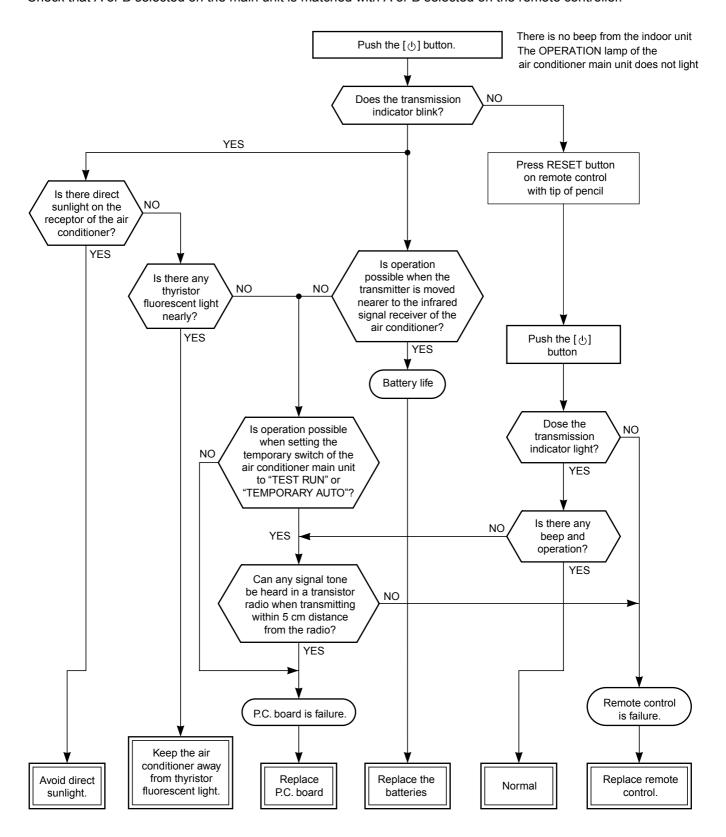


Position (P.C. board) Resistance value	
Between ③ (Black) - ① (Red)	249 ± 18 Ω
Between ③ (Black) - ⑤ (White)	373.3 ± 20 Ω
Between ① (Red) - ⑤ (White)	623 ± 44 Ω

(5) Troubleshooting for remote control

<Primary check>

Check that A or B selected on the main unit is matched with A or B selected on the remote controller.



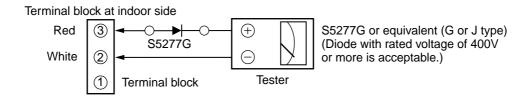
11-5-2. Wiring Failure (Interconnecting and Serial Signal Wire)

(1) Outdoor unit does not operate

Is the voltage between ② and ③ of the indoor terminal block varied?
 Confirm that transmission from indoor unit to outdoor unit is correctly performed based upon the following diagram.

NOTE:

- Measurement should be performed 2 minutes and 30 seconds after starting of the operation.
- Be sure to prepare a diode for judgment.



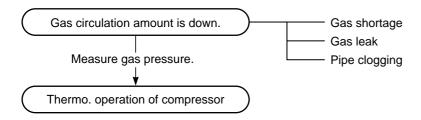
Normal time : Voltage swings between DC15 and 60V.Inverter Assembly check (11-5-1.)

Abnormal time : Voltage does not vary.

(2) Outdoor unit stops in a little while after operation started

<Check procedure> Select phenomena described below.

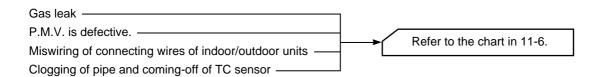
1) The outdoor unit stops 10 to 20 minutes after operation started, and 10 minutes or more are required to restart the unit.



2) If the unit stops once, it does not operate until the power will be turned on again.

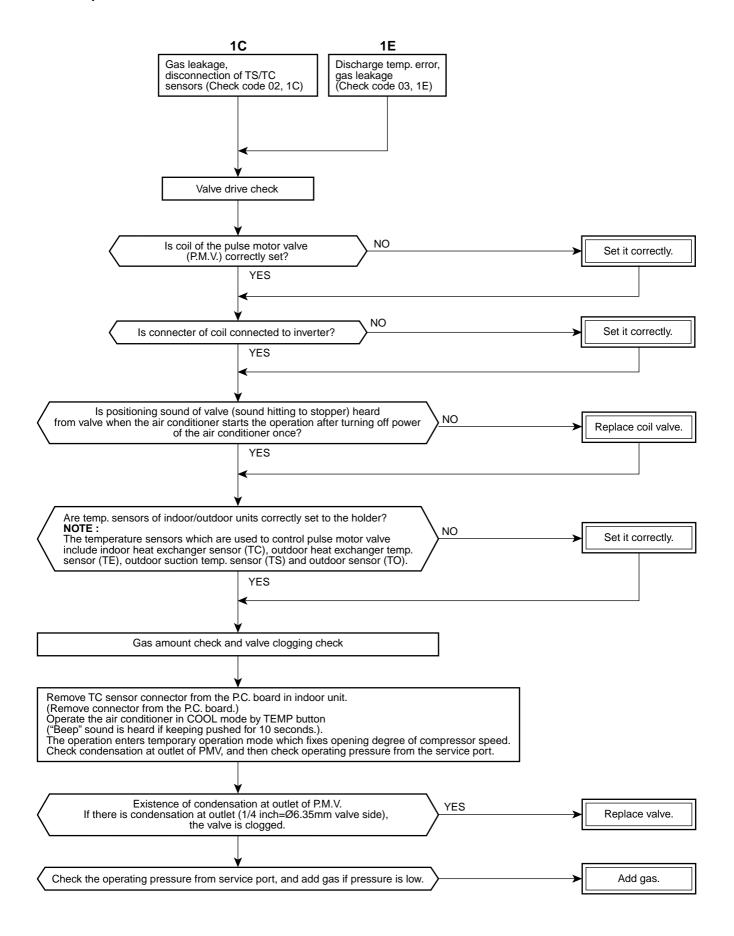
To item of Outdoor unit does not operate.

3) The outdoor unit stops 10 minutes to 1 hour after operation started, and an alarm is displayed. (Discharge temp. error check code 03, 1E Sensor temp. error check code 02, 1C)



11-6. How to Check Simple the Main Parts

<Check procedure>



11-7. How to Diagnose Trouble in Outdoor Unit

11-7-1. Summarized Inner Diagnosis of Inverter Assembly

Table 11-7-1

Diagnosis/Process flowchart	Item	Contents	Summary
Remove connector of compressor.	Preparation	Turn "OFF" the power supply breaker, and remove 3P connector which connects inverter and compressor.	
Check 25A fuse (Part No.F01).	Check	 Check whether 25A fuse on the control board assembly is blown or not. (F01) 	If fuse was blown, be sure to check the electrolytic capacitor and diode block. (DB01)
Replace fuse. Check electrolytic capacitor, diode block (DB01), etc.	Check	(1 0 1)	Connect discharge resistance (approx. 100Ω, 40W) or soldering iron (plug) between +, – terminals of the electrolytic capacitor (500μF or 760μF) of C14 (with printed CAUTION HIGH VOLTAGE) on P.C. board.
Check terminal voltage of electrolytic capacitor. OK Check electrolytic capacitor, diode (DB01), etc.			Discharging position (Discharging period 10 seconds or more) Plug of soldering iron
Does outdoor fan rotate? YES	Operation	Turn on the power breaker, and operate the air conditioner in COOL mode by time shortening.	OK if 500μF or 760μF → DC280 to 380V
	Measure- ment	Measure terminal voltage of the electrolytic capacity. 500µF:400WV x 3 760µF:400WV x 3	Remove CN300 while pushing the part indicated by an arrow because CN300 is a connector with lock.
Remove connector CN300 of outdoor fan motor, and using a tester, check resistance	Check	After operation, turn off the power breaker after 2 minutes 20 seconds passed, and discharge the electro-	
value between every phases at motor side. OK	Stop Check	lytic capacitor by soldering iron. Check voltage between motor phases.	
Replace outdoor fan motor.	Measure- ment	Is not winding between ①- ②, ②-③, or ①-③ opened or short-circuited?	 → Resistance between phases should be approx. 55 to 77Ω
(A) (B)		• Is not frame grounded with ①, ②, or ③?	$ ightarrow$ Should be 10M Ω or more.

Diagnosis/Process flowchart	Item	Contents	Summary
Replace control board assembly. Check compressor winding resistance. OK Replace control board. Replace control board.	Check	Check winding resistance between phases of compressor, and resistance between outdoor frames by using a tester. Is not grounded. Is not short-circuited between windings. Winding is not opened. Remove connector CN300 of the outdoor fan motor, turn on the power supply breaker, and perform the operation. (Stops though activation is prompted.) Check operation within 2 minutes 20 seconds after activation stopped.	$ ightarrow$ OK if $10 M \Omega$ or more $ ightarrow$ OK if $0.51 \Omega ightarrow 0.57 \Omega$ (Check by a digital tester.)

11-8. How to Check Simply the Main Parts

11-8-1. How to Check the P.C. Board (Indoor Unit)

(1) Operating precautions

- 1) When removing the front panel or the P.C. board, be sure to shut off the power supply breaker.
- 2) When removing the P.C. board, hold the edge of the P.C. board and do not apply force to the parts.
- 3) When connecting or disconnecting the connectors on the P.C. board, hold the whole housing. Do not pull at the lead wire.

(2) Inspection procedures

- 1) When a P.C. board is judged to be defective, check for disconnection, burning, or discoloration of the copper foil pattern or this P.C. board.
- 2) The P.C. board consists of the following 2 parts

a. Main P.C. board part:

DC power supply circuit, Indoor fan motor control circuit, CPU and peripheral circuits, buzzer, and Driving circuit of louver.

b. Indication unit of infrared ray receiving infrared ray receiving circuit, LED:

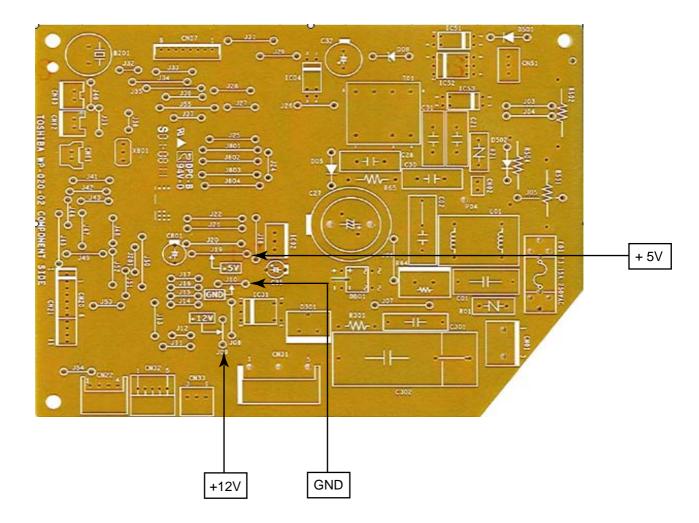
To check defect of the P.C. board, follow the procedure described below.

(3) Check procedures

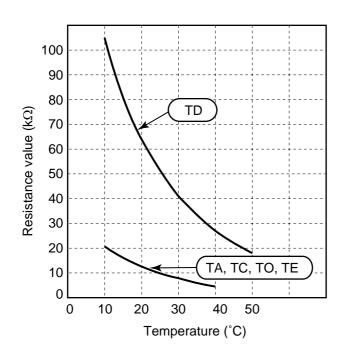
Table 11-8-1

No.	Procedure	Check points	Causes
1	Turn off the power supply breaker and remove the P.C. board assembly from electronic parts base. Remove the connecting cables from the terminal block.	Check whether or not the fuse (F01) is blown.	Impulse voltage was applied or the indoor fan motor short-circuited.
2	Remove the connector of the motor and turn on the power supply breaker. If OPERATION indicator flashes (once per second), it is not necessary to check steps (1 to 3) in the right next column.	Check power supply voltage: 1. Between No. 1 and No. 3 of CN01 (AC 220–240V) 2. Between ⊕ and ⊖ of C27 (DC 310–340V) 3. Between 12V and GND 4. Between 5V and GND	 The terminal block or the crossover cable is connected wrongly. The capacitor (C01), line filter (L01), resistor (R64), or the diode (DB01) is defective. T01 is defective. IC02 and T01 are defective.
3	Push [🖰] button once to start the unit. (Do not set the mode to On-Timer operation.)	Check power supply voltage : 1. Between CN51 and No. 1 of CN01 (DC 15–60V)	IC51 and IC52 are defective.
4	Shorten the restart delay timer and start unit.	Check whether or not all indicators (OPERATION,TIMER) are lit for 3 seconds and they return to normal 3 seconds later.	The indicators are defective or the housing assembly (CN20) is defective.
5	Push [Check whether or not the compressor operates. Check whether or not the OPERATION indicator flashes. 	 The temperature of the indoor heat exchanger is extremely low. The connection of the heat exchanger sensor is loose. (The connector is disconnected.) (CN62) The heat exchanger sensor and the P.C. board are defective. (Refer to Table 11-4-1.) The main P.C. board is defective.
6	 If the above condition (No. 5) still continues, start the unit in the following condition. Set the operation mode to HEAT. Set the preset temperature much higher than room temperature. 	Check whether or not the compressor operates. Check whether or not the OPERATION indicator flashes.	 The temperature of the indoor heat exchanger is extremely high. The connection of the heat exchanger sensor short-circuited. (CN62) The heat exchanger sensor and the P.C. board are defective. (Refer to Table 11-4-1.) The main P.C. board is defective
7	Connect the motor connector to the motor and turn on the power supply. Start the unit the following condition. • Set the fan speed level to HIGH. (The unit (compressor) operates continuously in the above condition in No. 5.)	1. Check it is impossible to detect the voltage (AC120V or higher voltage) between red and black lead of the motor. 2. The motor does not operate or the fan motor does not rotate with high speed. (But it is possible to receive the signal from the remote controller.) 3. The motor rotates but vibrates strongly.	 The indoor fan motor is defective. (Protected operation of P.C. board.) The P.C. board is defective. The connection of the motor connector is loose.

11-8-2. P.C. Board Layout



[1] Sensor characteristic table



TD : Discharge temp. sensor TA : Room temp. sensor

TC: Heat exchanger temp. sensor

TO: Outdoor temp. sensor

TE: Outdoor heat exchange temp. sensor

11-8-3. Indoor unit (Other parts)

No.	Part name	Checking procedure					
1	Room temp. (TA) sensor Heat exchanger (TC) sensor	Disconnect the connector and measure the resistance value with tester. (Normal temp.)					
		Temperature Sensor	10°C	20°C	25°C	30°C	40°C
		TA, TC (kΩ)	20.7	12.6	10.0	7.9	4.5
2	Remote control	Refer to 11-5-1 (5)					
3	Louver motor MP24ZCT	Measure the resistance value of each winding coil by using the tester. (Under normal temp. 25°C)					
		White 10 Position Resistance value Yellow 22 Yellow 33				ce value	
		Yellow 44 V)		to 3	250±	20Ω
		Yellow SS 1 to 4					
					to 5		
4	Indoor fan motor	Refer to 11-5-1 (3) and (4).				

11-8-4. Outdoor unit

No.	Part name	Checking procedure			
1	Compressor (Model : DA89X1C-23EZ)	(of less) W	Position Red - White White - Black Black - Red	Resistance	e value
2	Outdoor fan motor (Model : WLF-240-20A-1)	Measure the resistance value of win	vinding by using the tester. Position Resistance val		1
3	Outdoor temperature sensor (TO), discharge temperature sensor (TD), suction temperature exchanger temperature sensor (TE)	Disconnect the connector, and mean (Normal temperature) Temperature Sensor TA, TC (kΩ) 105 TGa: Heat pump model only. TO, TS, TE: Refer to the TA, TC ch (Refer to Table 11-8-3, No.1).	20°C 3	0°C 40°C 41 27	50°C

11-8-5. Checking Method for Each Part

No.	Part name	Checking procedure
1	Electrolytic capacitor (For raising pressure, smoothing)	 Turn OFF the power supply breaker. Discharge all three capacitors completely. Check that safety valve at the bottom of capacitor is not broken. Check that vessel is not swollen or exploded. Check that electrolytic liquid does not blow off. Check that the normal charging characteristics are show in continuity test by the tester.
		Case that product is good Pointer swings once, and returns slowly. When performing test once again under another polarity, the pointer should return. C12, C13, C14 \rightarrow 500μF or 760μF/400V
2	Converter module	1. Turn OFF the power supply breaker. 2. Discharge all three capacitors completely. 3 Check that the normal rectification characteristics are shown in continuity test by the tester. Diode check Tester rod Resistance value in good product P O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O

11-9. How to Simply Judge Whether Outdoor Fan Motor is Good or Bad

1. Symptom

- · Outdoor fan motor does not rotate.
- Outdoor fan motor stops within several tens seconds though it started rotating.
- Outdoor fan motor rotates or does not rotate according to the position where the fan stopped, etc.

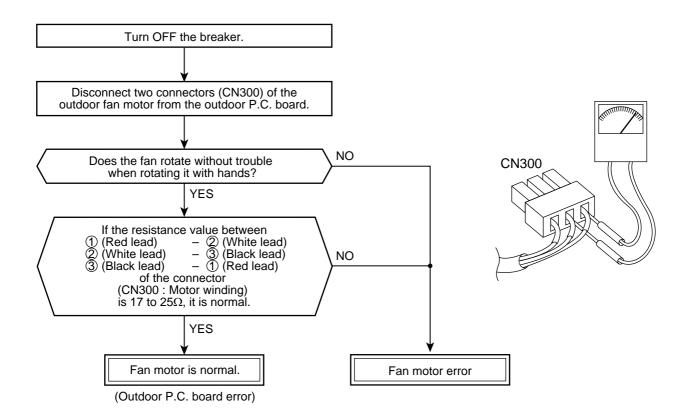
Remote controller check code "02: Outdoor block, 1A: Outdoor fan drive system error"

2. Cause

The following causes are considered when the outdoor fan motor does not normally rotate.

- 1) Mechanical lock of the outdoor fan motor
- 2) Winding failure of the outdoor fan motor
- 3) Position-detect circuit failure inside of the outdoor fan motor
- 4) Motor drive circuit failure of the outdoor P.C. board

3. How to simply judge whether outdoor fan motor is good or bad



NOTE:

However, GND circuit error inside of the motor may be accepted in some cases when the above check is performed.

When the fan motor does not become normal even if P.C. board is replaced, replace the outdoor fan motor.

12. HOW TO REPLACE THE MAIN PARTS

12-1. Indoor Unit

No.	Part name	Procedures	Remarks
1	Front panel	 How to remove the front panel Stop the operation of the air conditioner and turn off its main power supply. Pull the air inlet grille toward you to open it and remove the air inlet grille. Then remove the 2 screws fixing the front panel. First open the horizontal louver, and then remove the front panel from the back body by pulling it toward you. How to mount the front panel Push the front panel back in and make sure all hooks are locked. 	②
2	Electrical part	How to remove the electrical part. 1) Remove the front panel with procedure 1. 2) Remove the screw holding the electrical part cover. 3) Disconnect the 3 connectors 2-(3P) for the fan motor and the connector (5P) for the louver motor from the P.C. board assembly. 4) Pull out the TC sensor from the sensor holder. 5) Remove the screw for the ground connection, remove the screw for the electrical part box. Then remove the LED and the electrical part box from the main unit. How to mount the electrical part. 1) To put back the electrical part box, lock it to the upper hook of the back body. 2) Tighten the screws on the electrical part box. 3) Connect the 3 connectors and arrange the wiring same as original condition and then tighten the screw from the LED unit to the back body. 4) Attach the TC sensor to the holder. 5) Tighten the screw for the ground connection. 6) Tighten the screw on the electrical part cover.	2 Screws 4 TC Sensor 3 3-Connectors 5 Screws
3	Horizontal louver	 Remove the front panel and the electrical part following procedure ②. Remove the center shaft of the horizontal louver from the back body. Remove the left shaft from the back body. Remove the horizontal louver from the back body. 	3 Left shaft 2 Center shaft

No.	Part name	Procedures	Remarks
4	Heat exchanger	 Remove the front panel, electrical part and the horizontal louver following procedure ③. Remove the pipe holder at the rear side of main unit. Remove the 2 screws on the heat exchanger at the base bearing. Remove the screw on the heat exchanger at the fixed plate from the back body and then pull out the right hand side until the socket of heat exchanger released from the hook of the band motor (L), and then pull out the upper side of heat exchanger slowly. 	2 Pipe holder 3-Screws 4 Screws
(5)	Cross flow fan	 Remove the front panel, electrical part, horizontal louver and the heat exchanger following procedure ④. Remove the 2 screws on the band motor (L) and remove the 2 screws on the band motor (R) and then remove the cross flow fan. Loosen the set screw of the cross flow fan then separate the fan and the fan motor. Notice To assemble cross flow fan and fan motor to the unit, please turn the fan motor unit the center of its terminal meets the top position of band motor (R). Fix the cross flow fan with the set screw at the position where the gap between the back body and the right surface of the cross flow fan is 4.7 mm. 	2-Screws (R) 2-Screws (L) 4.7 mm 6 Set screw Middle of the fan motor terminal
6	Base bearing	 Remove the front panel, electrical part, horizontal louver, heat exchanger and the cross flow fan following procedure 5. Remove the 2 screws fixing the base bearing. Remove the bearing from the base bearing. If the housing protrudes from the base bearing, put the housing in position and attach the bearing to the base bearing. 	2-Screws

12-2. Microcomputer

No.	Part name	Procedure	Remarks
1)	Common procedure	 Turn the power supply off to stop the operation of air-conditioner. Remove the front panel. Remove the 2 fixing screws. Remove the electrical part base. 	

12-3. Outdoor Unit

No.	Part name	Procedures	Remarks
1	Common procedure	 Detachment Stop operation of the air conditioner, and turn off the main switch and breaker of the air conditioner. Remove the valve cover. (ST1TØ4 x 10ℓ 1 pc) After removing screw, remove the valve cover pulling it downward. Remove the wiring cover (ST1TØ4 x 10ℓ 2 pcs.), and then remove the power cord, connecting cable, and cord clamp (ST2TØ4 x 16ℓ 3 pcs.). Remove the upper cabinet. (ST1TØ4 x 10ℓ 5 pcs.) After removing screws, remove the upper cabinet pulling it upward. 	Upper cabinet Wiring cover Valve cover
		 Attachment Attach the upper cabinet. (ST1TØ4 x 10ℓ 5 pcs.) Hook the rear side of the upper cabinet to the claw of the rear cabinet, and then place it on the front cabinet. After connecting the power cord and connecting cable, attach the cord clamp and wiring cover. Insert the upper part into the upper cabinet, and insert the claw which has been hooked to the lower part into the square hole, and then fix it with screw. (ST1TØ4 x 10ℓ 1 pc.) Attach the valve cover. (ST1TØ4 x 10ℓ 1 pc.) Insert the upper part to the upper cabinet, set the hook claw of the valve cover to square holes (at three positions) of the main unit, and attach it pushing upward. 	Upper cabinet
2	Front cabinet	 Detachment Perform work of item 1 of ①. Remove upper screw (ST1TØ4 x 10ℓ 4 pcs.) of the front cabinet, and lower screws (ST1TØ4 x 10ℓ 8 pcs.) of the front cabinet. Both side of front cabinet envelop the unit, so remove it by pulling sideward. Attachment Assemble front cabinet to the unit. Attach the removed screws to the original positions. 	

No.	Part name	Procedures	Remarks
3	Inverter assembly	 Perform work of item 1 of ①. Remove screw (ST1TØ4 x 10ℓ 1 pc.) of the upper part of the front cabinet. If removing the inverter cover in this condition, the P.C. board can be checked. If there is no space in the upper part of the upper cabinet, perform work of ②. Be careful when checking the inverter because high-voltage	PC board (Soldered surface)
		circuit is incorporated in it. 3) Perform discharging by connecting the ⊕,⊖ polarities by discharging resistance (approx. 100Ω40W) or plug of soldering iron to ⊕,⊖ terminals of the C13 (printed "CAUTION HIGH VOLTAGE" is attached.) electrolytic capacitor (760 μF/400 WV) on the P.C. board. Be careful to discharge the capacitor because the electrolytic capacitor cannot naturally discharge and voltage remains depending on the malfunction state in some cases.	Discharging time (Discharging period 10 seconds or more) Plug of soldering iron
		NOTE: This capacitor has mass capacity. Therefore, it is dangerous that a large spark generates if short-circuiting between the ⊕,⊖ polarities with screwdriver, etc. for discharging. 4) Perform the work of ②. 5) Remove the screw (ST1TØ4 x 10ℓ 1 pc.) fixing the main body and the inverter box. 6) Remove the lead wire from the holder on the terminal block. 7) Disconnect the connectors of various lead wires.	Terminal
		Requirement: As each connector has a lock mechanism, avoid removing the connector by holding the lead wire, but by holding the connector.	The connector is one with lock, so remove it while pushing the part indicated by an arrow.
			Be sure to remove the connector by holding the connector, not by pulling the lead wire.

(A) Company		Remarks
assembly	1) Disconnect lead wires and connectors connected from the control board assembly to other parts. 1. Lead wires • Connection with terminal block: 3 wires (Black, White, Orange) • Connection with compressor: remove the connector (3P) • Connection with reactor: remove the connector (2P) 2. Connectors (6 positions) CN300, CN703: Outdoor fan (3P: white)* (See Note 1) CN701: 4 way valve (3P: Yellow)* CN602: TO sensor (2P: White) CN602: TO sensor (2P: White) * Note 1) As the connector has a stopper, release the housing lock when removing. ** Note 2) Hold the housing (resin part) with stopper and pull out to remove. 2) Remove the control board assembly from the inverter box. Note 2) Remove the claw of the board support fixed to the inverter board, and remove upwards holding the heat sink. 3) Remove the three screws fixing the heat sink and control board assemble. 4) Attach the new contro board assembly. Note 4) When attaching the new control board assembly. insert the P.C. board into the guide rail groove correctly.	As CN300 and CN701 are connectors with lock, remove while pushing the part indicated by an arrow

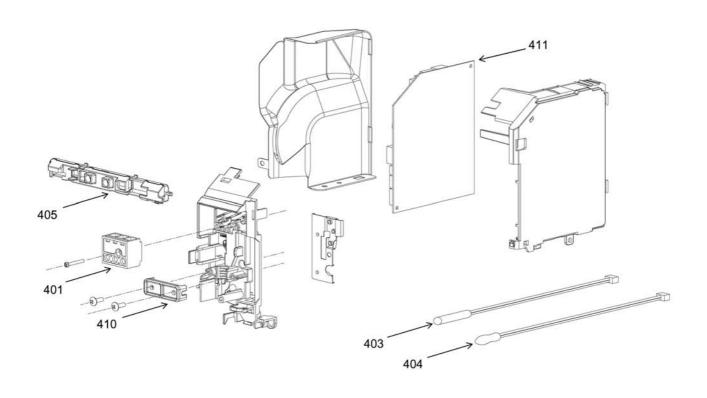
No.	Part name	Procedures	Remarks
n	Fan motor	 Perform work of item 1 of ① and 1 of ②. Remove the flange nut fixing the fan motor and the propeller fan. Flange nut is loosened by turning clockwise. (To tighten the flange nut, turn counterclockwise.) Remove the propeller fan. Disconnect the connector for the fan motor from the inverter. Remove the fixing screws (4 pcs.) holding the fan motor by hand so that it does not fall. Cut the motor lead at the point which is 100 mm apart from the connector toward the fan. Use the connector used for the inverter, and pinch the lead wires using the closed end splice. 	Fan motor Propeller fan Closed end splice Flange nut
0	Compressor	 Perform work of item 1 of ①, 1 of ② and ③. Extract refrigerant gas. Remove the partition board. (ST1TØ4 x 10ℓ 3 pcs.) Remove the sound-insulation material. Remove the terminal cover of the compressor, and disconnect the lead wire of the compressor thermo and the compressor from the terminal. Remove the pipe connected to the compressor with a burner. Make sure the flame does not touch the 4 way valve. Remove the fixing screw of the base plate and heat exchanger. (ST1TØ4 x 10ℓ 2 pcs.) Pull upward the refrigeration cycle. Remove the nut fixing the compressor to the base plate. 	Compressor e e
p	Reactor	 Perform work of item 1 of ①, 1 of ②, and ③. Remove the screw fixing the reactor. (ST1TØ4x 10ℓ2 PCS.) 	Reactor

No.	Part name	Procedures	Remarks	
q	Fan guard	1. Detachment1) Perform work of item 1 of ① and 1 of ②.		
		Requirement: Perform the work on a corrugated cardboard, cloth, etc. to prevent scratches to the product.		
		Remove the front cabinet, and place it down so that the fan guard side faces downwards.		
		 Remove the hooking claws by pushing a minus screwdriver according to the arrow mark in the right figure, and remove the fan guard. 	Minus screwdriver Hooking claw	
		2. Attachment1) Insert the claws of the fan guard in the hole of the front cabinet. Push the hooking claws (8 positions) by your hand and fix the claws.		
		Requirement: This completes all the attaching work. Check that all the hooking claws are fixed to the specified positions.		

No.	Part name	Procedures			Remarks
9	Replacement of temperature sensor for servicing only Common service parts of sensor TO, TD	2) Cur (20 3) Mo ser the 4) Pas cor 5) Cur cor 6) Tea and 7) Twi sid 8) Mo the dry 9) Win term pro 10) Fix NOTES 1) Stor cor 2) Nee Oth bed 3) Wh	Cut the protective tube after pulling out it (200 mm). Move the protective tube toward the thermal sensor side and tear the tip of lead wire in two, then strip the covering part. Pass the stripped part through the thermal constringent tube. Cut the old sensor 100 mm length on the connector side, and recycle that connector. Tear the lead wire in two on the connector side and strip and covering part. Twist the leads on the connector and sensor sides, and solder them. Move the thermal constringent tubes toward the soldered parts and heat them with the dryer and constring them. Wind the attached color tape round the both terminals of the protective tube when colored protective tube is used. Fix the sensor again.		Cutting here Thermal sensor part Connector Connector Connector Cutting here Cutting here Cutting here Cutting here Cutting here Dryer Winding the color tape
	These are parts for		Part name	Q'ty	Remarks
	servicing sensors. Please check that	1	Sensor	1	Length: 3 m
	the accessories shown in the right table are packed.	2	Sensor Spring (A)	1	For spare
		3	Sensor Spring (B)	1	For spare
	table are packed.	4	Thermal constringent tube	3	Including one spare
		5	Color tape	1	9 colors

13. EXPLODED VIEWS AND PARTS LIST

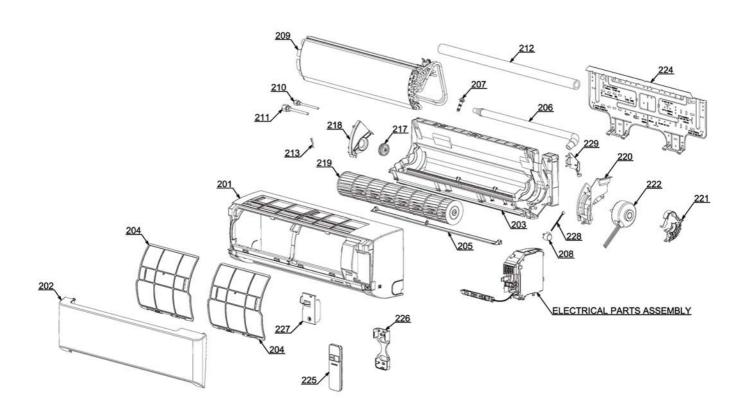
13-1. Indoor Unit (E-Parts Assy)



Location No.	Part No.	Description	
401	43T60365	TERMINAL BLOCK; 3P	
403	43T69319	TEMPERATURE SENSOR	
404	43T69320	TEMPERATURE SENSOR	

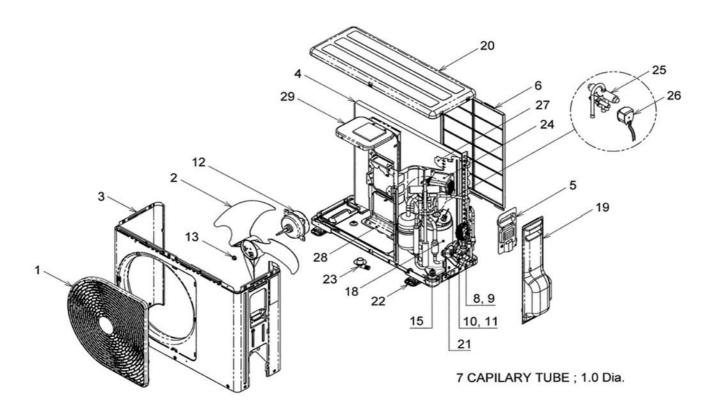
Location No.	Part No.	Description	
405	43T69612	DISPLAY UNIT	
410	43T62003	CORD CLAMP	
411	43T69824	PC BOARD	

13-2. Indoor Unit



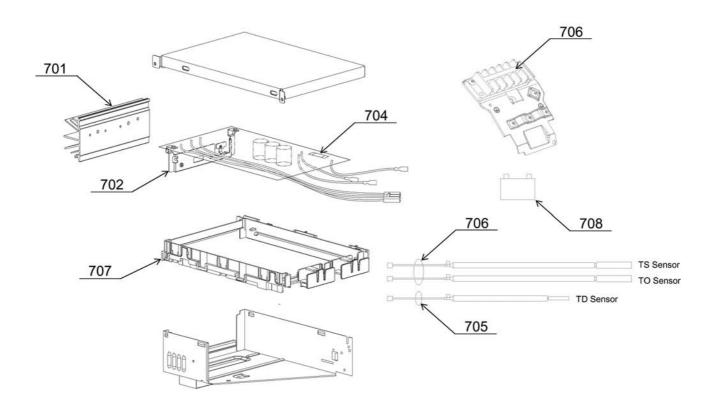
Location No.	Part No.	Description	Location No.	Part No.	Description
201	43T00581	FRONT PANEL ASSY	217	43T22312	BEARING ASSY, MOLD
202	43T09476	GRILLE OF AIR INLET	218	43T39323	BEARING BASE
203	43T03357	BACK BODY ASSY	219	43T20323	ASSY CROSS FLOW FAN
204	43T80326	AIR-FILTER	220	43T39324	MOTOR BAND (LEFT)
205	43T09392	HORIZONTAL LOUVER	221	43T39321	MOTOR BAND(RIGHT)
206	43T70313	HOSE, DRAIN	222	43T21409	FAN MOTOR
207	43T79301	CAP-DRAIN	224	43T82309	INSTALLATION PLATE
208	43T21402	MOTOR; STEPPING	225	43T66315	WIRELESS REMOTE CONTROLLER
209	43T44387	REFRIGERATION CYCLE ASSY	226	43T83305	HOLDER, REMOTE CONTROL
210	43T47353	PIPE; SUCTION	227	43T62326	TERMINAL COVER
211	43T47355	PIPE; SUCTION	228	43T60317	CORD MOTOR LOUVER
212	43T11319	PIPE SHIELD	229	43T07311	PIPE HOLDER
213	43T19333	HOLDER, SENSOR			

13-3. Outdoor Unit



Location	Part	Description	Location	Part	Description
No.	No.	Description	No.	No.	Description
1	43T19335	FAN GUARD	15	43T49327	CUSHION,RUBBER
2	43T20327	PROPELLER FAN	18	43T41423	COMPRESSOR
3	43T00482	FRONT CABINET	19	43T19337	PACKED VALVE COVER
4	43T43403	CONDENSOR ASSEMBLY	20	43T00481	UPPER CABINET
5	43T62323	TERMINAL COVER	21	43T00448	FIXING PLATE VALVE
6	43T19341	FIN GUARD	22	43T42331	BASE PLATE ASSEMBLY
7	43T47308	CAPILLARY TUBE; 1.0 DIA	23	43T79305	DRAIN NIPPLE
8	43T46366	VALVE;PACKED 9.52 DIA	24	43T46351	REACTOR
9	43T47332	BONNET, 9.52 DIA	25	43T46343	4 WAY VALVE
10	43T46332	VALVE;PACKED 6.35 DIA	26	43T63320	4 WAY VALVE COIL ASSEMBLY
11	43T47331	BONNET, 6.35 DIA	27	43T04305	PARTITION
12	43T21400	FAN-MOTOR	28	43T39325	MOTOR BASE
13	43T47001	NUT FLANGE	29	43T39334	MOTOR BASE CONNECTION PLATE

13-4. Outdoor Unit (E-Parts Assy)



Part No.	Description
43T62320	HEATSINK
	PC BOARD
43T60392	TERMINAL-5P
43T60326	FUSE
	No. 43T62320 43T69819 43T60392

Location No.	Part No.	Description	
705	43T60377	TEMPERATURE SENSOR	
706	43T50304	SENSOR;HEAT EXCHANGER	
707	43T62313	BASE-PLATE-PC	
708	43T55325	CAPACITOR; PLASTIC-FILM	

